STATE OF ILLINOIS LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34

FINANCIAL AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PERFORMED AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT AUDITORS FOR THE AUDITOR GENERAL, STATE OF ILLINOIS

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OFFICIALS

Regional Superintendent (Current and During the Audit Period) Honorable Roycealee J. Wood

Assistant Regional Superintendent (July 1, 2018 through current)

Assistant Regional Superintendent (July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018) Mr. Mike Munda

Mr. Gary E. Pickens

Office is located at:

500 West Winchester Road Suite 202 Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Financial Report Summary Year Ended June 30, 2018

The financial audit testing performed in this audit was conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and in accordance with the Illinois State Auditing Act.

AUDITORS' REPORTS

The auditors' reports do not contain scope limitations, disclaimers, or other significant nonstandard language.

SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS

Number of	This Audit	Prior Audit
Audit Findings	-	2
Repeated Audit Findings	-	2
Prior Recommendations Implemented or Not Repeated	2	-

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Item No.	Page	Description	Finding Type

Findings (Government Auditing Standards)

None

Prior Audit Findings Not Repeated (Government Auditing Standards)

2017-001	12	Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation	Material Weakness
2017-002	12	Inadequate Controls Over Bank Reconciliations	Material Weakness

EXIT CONFERENCE

An informal exit conference was held with the Regional Office of Education No. 34 on June 8th, 2020. Attending were Lisa Wolf, Accountant and Tim Gavin, Manager.

Financial Statement Report Summary Year Ended June 30, 2018

The audit of the accompanying basic financial statements of Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34 was performed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP.

Based on their audit, the auditors expressed an unmodified opinion on the Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- Schedule of Findings and Responses
- Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings
- Summary of Prior Audit Findings Not Repeated
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information

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Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Frank J. Mautino Auditor General State of Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34 (ROE), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the ROE's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the ROE's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ROE's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Lake County Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund -Lake County Schedule of Employer Contributions, Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois Schedule of Employer Contributions, Teacher's Health Insurance Security Fund Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability, Teacher's Health Insurance Security Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions, Health Insurance Plan Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and Health Insurance Plan Schedule of Employer's Contributions, on pages 13 through 19 and 74 through 79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34's basic financial statements. The combining schedules of accounts, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining schedules of accounts, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the combining fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and

certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules of accounts, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2020 on our consideration of the ROE's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the ROE's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the ROE's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SIGNED ORIGINAL ON FILE

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP Naperville, Illinois July 29, 2020

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Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Frank J. Mautino Auditor General State of Illinois

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34 (ROE), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the ROE's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the ROE's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion(s) on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ROE's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the ROE's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the ROE's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the ROE's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the ROE's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP Naperville, Illinois July 29, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditors Results

Financial Statements in accordance with GAAP	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Not applicable in the current year

Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2018

Corrective Action Plan

Not applicable in the current year

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Not Repeated Year Ended June 30, 2018

FINDING NO. 2017-001 - Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation Not Repeated

During the current audit, audit testing results indicated the Regional Office implemented corrective action in the preparation of the Financial Statements.

FINDING NO. 2017-002 - Inadequate Controls Over Bank Reconciliations Not Repeated

During the current audit, audit testing results indicated the Regional Office implemented corrective action in the controls over the bank reconciliations.

Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34 (ROE No. 34) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with ROE No. 34's financial statements, which follow.

2018 Financial Highlights

- Within the Governmental Funds, the General Fund revenues increased from \$4,507,344 in 2017 to \$4,701,108 in 2018 while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,078,725 in 2017 to \$4,820,838 in 2018. The increase is mainly due to the revenues and expenses related to the Regional Safe School program. In FY2018, the ROE No. 34 started to account for a portion of the Regional Safe School program's activities under the General Fund.
- Within the Governmental Funds, the Special Revenue Fund revenues increased from \$2,501,857 in 2017 to \$3,206,370 in 2018. The Special Revenue Fund expenditures decreased from \$3,047,880 in 2017 to \$2,029,670 in 2018. The increase in revenues is mainly attributable to an increase in local sources of revenues received in relation to educational services at the Lake County Juvenile Detention Center while the decrease in expenditures is mainly due to a decrease in payment to other local governments in relation to the Regional Safe School program. Starting in FY2018, this expenditure was mostly accounted for under the General Fund.
- The Proprietary Fund revenues increased from \$159,887 in 2017 to \$761,146 in 2018 and the Proprietary Fund expenditures increased from \$152,795 in 2017 to \$554,730 in 2018. The increase is mainly due to the revenues and expenses related to the Regional Safe School program. In FY2018, the ROE No. 34 started to account for a portion of the Regional Safe School program's activities under the Proprietary Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

- *Management's Discussion and Analysis* introduces financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the ROE No. 34's financial activities.
- The *Government-wide financial statements* consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the ROE No. 34 as a whole and present an overall view of the ROE No. 34's finances.

- *Fund financial statements* report the ROE No. 34's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.
- *Notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- *Required supplementary information* further explains and supports the financial statements, and *other supplementary information* includes combining financial statements and budgetary information for certain General Fund accounts, Education Fund accounts and other nonmajor funds.

Reporting the ROE No. 34 as a Whole

It is important to note that ROE No. 34 is reported together with the following component units: Educational Services Division, Attendance and Truancy Division (ATD), Northern Illinois Reading Recovery Consortium, ROE Alternative Program, and Regional Board of School Trustees.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements report information about ROE No. 34 as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of ROE No. 34's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid using generally accepted accounting principles of GASB Statement No. 34.

The government-wide financial statements report ROE No. 34's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the net amount of ROE No. 34's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure ROE No. 34's financial health or financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in net position can be an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the ROE No. 34's overall financial condition, additional nonfinancial factors, such as new laws, rules, regulations, and actions by officials at the State level, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, ROE No. 34's activities are divided into two categories:

- *Governmental activities*: Most of ROE No. 34's basic services are included here, such as grants and statutory funds. Federal and state grant proceeds finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: ROE No. 34 charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about ROE No. 34's funds. Funds are accounting devices that allow the tracking of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by state law. ROE No. 34 establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for special revenue funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

ROE No. 34 has two kinds of funds:

- 1) *Governmental funds:* account for those funds through which most governmental functions of the ROE No. 34 are financed. These focus on how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the ROE No. 34's governmental Funds include: the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. The governmental funds' required financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.
- 2) Proprietary funds: account for resources from fees charged directly to those entities or individuals that use its services. Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major and nonmajor enterprise funds. The proprietary funds' required financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve when examined over time as one indicator of the financial position of the ROE No. 34. The net position at the end of fiscal year 2018 and 2017 totaled \$3,402,225 and \$3,360,560, respectively. The analysis that follows provides a summary of the ROE No. 34's net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities					Total			
	2018		2017			2018		2017		2018	2017	
ASSETS												
Current assets	\$	5,458,565	\$	5,360,311	\$	(265,973)	\$	(611,832)	\$	5,192,592	\$	4,748,479
Capital Assets		10,326	\$	26,989		7,472		9,987		17,798		36,976
Other Noncurrent Assets		12,861						-		12,861		
TOTAL ASSETS		5,481,752		5,387,300		(258,501)		(601,845)		5,223,251		4,785,455
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOU	JRC	ES										
Deferred outflows related to pensions												
and OPEB		178,593		315,685				-		178,593		315,685
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities		392,961		485,445		129,941		1,706		522,902		487,151
Noncurrent liabilities		894,629		624,068						894,629		624,068
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,287,590		1,109,513		129,941		1,706		1,417,531		1,111,219
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES											
Deferred inflows related to pensions	CLS											
and OPEB		582,088		629,361				_		582,088		629,361
NET POSITION												
		64		(119)		7,472		9,987		7,536		9.869
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for educational purposes		4,011,776		(118) 3,806,115		1,412		9,90/		4,011,776		9,809 3,806,115
Unrestricted		(221,173)		158,114		(395,914)		(613,538)		4,011,776 (617,087)		
Omesnicieu		(221,173)		130,114		(393,914)		(013,338)		(017,007)		(455,424)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,790,667	\$	3,964,111	\$	(388,442)	\$	(603,551)	\$	3,402,225	\$	3,360,560

ROE No. 34's net position increased by \$41,665 (1%) from fiscal year 2017. Unrestricted net position is the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements. Unrestricted net position was \$(617,087) at year end. The largest portion of ROE No. 34's net position is restricted. Net position related to the Institute Fund, Education Fund and Non-Major Funds are considered restricted for educational purposes.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 567,238	\$ 402,098	\$ 761,146	\$ 159,887	\$ 1,328,384	\$ 561,985		
Operating grants and								
contributions	157,823	136,114	_	-	157,823	136,114		
General revenues:								
Local sources	1,045,699	1,422,748	_	-	1,045,699	1,422,748		
State sources	4,333,345	4,562,756	_	-	4,333,345	4,562,756		
Administrative:								
On-behalf payments	1,245,557	1,306,886			1,245,557	1,306,886		
Total revenues	7,349,662	7,830,602	761,146	159,887	8,110,808	7,990,489		
Expenses:								
Program Expenses:								
Salaries	1,553,830	1,089,724	243,521	12,057	1,797,351	1,101,781		
Benefits	546,258	392,498	78,759	5,336	625,017	397,834		
Pension expense (benefit)	(176,783)	(166,736)	_	1,505	(176,783)	(165,231)		
OPEB expense	44,476	-	_	-	44,476	_		
Purchased services	562,146	506,585	136,186	79,479	698,332	586,064		
Supplies and materials	44,174	42,653	18,191	30,421	62,365	73,074		
Depreciation	16,663	19,118	2,515	2,515	19,178	21,633		
Miscellaneous	72,185	162,120	50,931	14,966	123,116	177,086		
Intergovernmental:								
Payments to other								
governments	3,078,549	3,918,043	2,263	_	3,080,812	3,918,043		
Capital outlay	10,074	1,208	22,364	6,516	32,438	7,724		
Administrative								
On-behalf payments	1,245,557	1,306,886			1,245,557	1,306,886		
Total expenses	6,997,129	7,272,099	554,730	152,795	7,551,859	7,424,894		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)	(8,693)		8,693					
Change in net position	343,840	558,503	215,109	7,092	558,949	565,595		
Net position, beginning of								
year, as previously stated	3,964,111	3,405,608	(603,551)	(610,643)	3,360,560	2,794,965		
Prior period adjustment	(517,284)				(517,284)			
Net position, beginning of								
year, as restated	3,446,827	3,405,608	(603,551)	(610,643)	2,843,276	2,794,965		
Net position, ending	\$ 3,790,667	\$ 3,964,111	\$ (388,442)	\$ (603,551)	\$ 3,402,225	\$ 3,360,560		
-								

Governmental Activities

In fiscal year 2018, revenues from governmental activities decreased by \$480,940 and expenses decreased by \$274,970. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to decrease in overall local and State aid funding. Consequently, expenses, specifically, payments to other governments decreased during the year.

Business-type Activities

In fiscal year 2018, revenues and expenses for business-type activities increased by \$601,259 and \$401,935, respectively. The increase in revenues and expenses was primarily due to tuition fund charged to the school districts for providing services to the students and increase in expense was due to associated cost in conducting the service to the school districts.

Financial Analysis of the ROE No. 34 Funds

As previously noted, ROE No. 34 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

As ROE No. 34 completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,034,183, above last year's ending fund balance of \$4,003,822.

Governmental Fund Highlights

The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$1,091,496 in FY2017 to \$1,132,530 in FY2018 due mainly to the transfer of funds made from Regional Safe School program under the Education Fund to the General State Aid fund under the General Fund in FY2018. Funds used in the Regional Safe School program in FY2017 to cover temporary cash shortage were returned.

The Education Fund's fund balance increased from \$1,721,206 in FY2017 to \$2,484,285 in FY2018 due to an increase in local sources revenues received in relation to educational services at the Lake County Juvenile Detention Center in FY2018.

The Institute Fund's fund balance increased from \$915,226 in FY2017 to \$1,128,908 in FY2018 due to an increase in number of fees collected for the registration and renewal of teacher licenses in FY2018.

The Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds' fund balance slightly increased from \$275,894 in FY2017 to \$288,460 in FY2018 due to an increase in Bus Driving Training program income. Moreover, the Learning Technology Center grant has ended during FY2018, thus, no revenues and expenses were recorded.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The proprietary fund net position increased by \$215,109 or 36% from (\$603,551) in 2017 to (\$388,442) in 2018. The increase is mainly due to an increase in tuition fund charges to the school districts for providing services to the students during the year.

Budgetary Highlights

ROE No. 34 annually adopts budgets for several funds. The Regional Superintendent annually prepares an Office Operations Budget and submits it to the County Board for their approval. The Office Operations Budget covers a fiscal year which runs from December 1 to November 30. All grant budgets are prepared by ROE No. 34 and submitted to the granting agency for approval. Amendments must be submitted under guidelines established by the granting agency.

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

ROE No. 34's capital assets include office equipment, computers, audio-visual equipment, and office furniture. The ROE No. 34 maintains an inventory of capital assets which have accumulated over time. For fiscal year 2018, there were no asset additions or retirements. The depreciation expense for fiscal year 2018 amounted to \$19,178. Additional information on ROE No. 34's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 46 of this report.

ROE No. 34 has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a copier. The present value of minimum lease payments at June 30, 2018 was \$10,262. Additional information on ROE No. 34's leases can be found in Note 8 on pages 69 and 70 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Years' Budget

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, ROE No. 34 was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- County board support for ROE No. 34 is expected to maintain level funding from the fiscal year 2018 funding level.
- Federal funding and State funding is expected to have no significant changes from fiscal year 2018.

Contacting the Regional Office's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide ROE No. 34's citizens, taxpayers, clients, and other constituents with a general overview of ROE No. 34's finances and to demonstrate ROE No. 34's accountability for the money it receives. If the reader has questions concerning this report or needs additional financial information, please contact Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34, 800 Lancer Lane, Suite E-128, Grayslake, Illinois 60030.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,115,869	\$ 389,521	\$ 4,505,390
Investments	115,298	-	115,298
Accounts receivable	29,095	15,911	45,006
Due from (to) other funds	856,145	(856,145)	-
Due from other governments	337,890	176,880	514,770
Prepaid expenses	4,268	7,860	12,128
Total current assets	5,458,565	(265,973)	5,192,592
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	10,326	7,472	17,798
Net pension asset - IMRF	12,861	-	12,861
Total noncurrent assets	23,187	7,472	30,659
TOTAL ASSETS	5,481,752	(258,501)	5,223,251
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions - IMRF	35,807	_	35,807
Deferred outflows related to pensions - TRS	139,099	_	139,099
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,687	-	3,687
	178,593		178,593
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	151,752	12	151,764
Due to other governments	230,017	86,965	316,982
Unearned revenue	930	42,964	43,894
Capital lease payable	10,262	-	10,262
Total current liabilities	392,961	129,941	522,902
Noncurrent liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	49,957	-	49,957
Net pension liability - TRS	208,472	-	208,472
Net OPEB liability	636,200	-	636,200
Total noncurrent liabilities	894,629		894,629
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,287,590	129,941	1,417,531
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions - IMRF	133,571	-	133,571
Deferred inflows related to pensions - TRS	364,117	-	364,117
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	84,400	-	84,400
	582,088		582,088
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	64	7,472	7,536
Restricted for educational purposes	4,011,776	-	4,011,776
Unrestricted	(221,173)	(395,914)	(617,087)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,790,667	\$ (388,442)	\$ 3,402,225

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
		Operating			perating	Primary Government							
			rges for	s for Grants and			Business-Type						
	Expenses	Se	ervices	Co	ntribution	Activities	Activities	Total					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary government													
Governmental activities:													
Instructional services Salaries	\$ 1,553,830	\$	73,741	\$	49,714	\$ (1,430,375)	\$-	\$ (1,430,375)					
Employee benefits	\$46,258	Ψ	11,345	Ψ		(534,913)	φ - -	(534,913)					
Pension expense (benefit)	(176,783)		260,930		16,729	454,442	-	454,442					
OPEB expense	44,476		- 200,750			(44,476)	-	(44,476)					
Purchased services	562,146		22,689		19,728	(519,729)	-	(519,729)					
Supplies and materials	44,174		158,827		317	114,970	-	114,970					
Miscellaneous	72,185				1,578	(70,607)	-	(70,607)					
Capital expenditures	10,074		-		2,367	(7,707)	-	(7,707)					
Depreciation	16,663		-		-	(16,663)	-	(16,663)					
Intergovernmental													
Payments to other governments	3,078,549		39,706		67,390	(2,971,453)	-	(2,971,453)					
Administrative													
On-behalf payments - local	675,519		-		-	(675,519)	-	(675,519)					
On-behalf payments - State	570,038		-		-	(570,038)		(570,038)					
Total governmental activities	6,997,129		567,238		157,823	(6,272,068)		(6,272,068)					
Business-type activities:													
Professional development	554,730		761,146		-	-	206,416	206,416					
Total business-type activities	554,730		761,146		-	-	206,416	206,416					
Total primary government	\$ 7,551,859	\$ 1	1,328,384	\$	157,823	(6,272,068)	206,416	(6,065,652)					
	General revenues												
	Local sources:												
	Intergovernm	ental				1,042,739	-	1,042,739					
	Interest incon					2,960	-	2,960					
	State sources	-,				4,333,345	-	4,333,345					
	On-behalf payn	nents - I	local			675,519	-	675,519					
	On-behalf payn					570,038	-	570,038					
	Transfers in (ou	ut)				(8,693)	8,693	-					
	Total general rev	enues				6,615,908	8,693	6,624,601					
	Change in net pos	sition				343,840	215,109	558,949					
	Net position, beg	inning (of year, res	tated ((see Note 12	2) 3,446,827	(603,551)	2,843,276					
	Net position, end	of year	r			\$ 3,790,667	\$ (388,442)	\$ 3,402,225					

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

				S	Revenue Fun			Total										
		-						-				Ŭ		najor Special	-		Go	vernmental
	Gen	eral Fund	Edu	cation Fund	Ins	titute Fund	Rev	enue Funds	Eliminati	ions		Funds						
ASSETS																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	449,979	\$	2,368,059	\$	1,027,272	\$	270,559	\$	-	\$	4,115,869						
Investments		-		-		115,298		-		-		115,298						
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		29,095		-		29,095						
Due from other funds		867,880		29,945		-		73,153	(114	,833)		856,145						
Due from other governments		-		337,890		-		-		-		337,890						
Prepaid expenses		492		3,776		-		-		-		4,268						
TOTAL ASSETS		1,318,351		2,739,670		1,142,570		372,807	(114	4,833)		5,458,565						
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																		
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		88,516		43,060		9,912		10,264		-		151,752						
Due to other funds		-		41,680		-		73,153	(114	,833)		-						
Due to other governments		97,305		128,962		3,750		-		-		230,017						
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		930		-		930						
Total liabilities		185,821		213,702		13,662		84,347	(114	1,833)		382,699						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Unavailable revenue		-		41,683		-		-		-		41,683						
FUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable		492		3,776		-		-		-		4,268						
Restricted		-		2,546,837		1,128,908		344,039		-		4,019,784						
Assigned		63,910		-		-		-		-		63,910						
Unassigned		1,068,128		(66,328)		-		(55,579)		-		946,221						
Total fund balances		1,132,530		2,484,285		1,128,908		288,460		-		5,034,183						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		1 210 251	¢	2 720 (70	¢	1 142 570	¢	272 807	¢ (11)	1022	¢	E 459 565						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,318,351	\$	2,739,670	\$	1,142,570	\$	372,807	\$ (114	,833)	\$	5,458,565						

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 5,034,183
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			10,326
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the ROE No. 34 fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.			41,683
Noncurrent assets related to pension benefits are collected but are not payab	le		41,005
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental			
Net pension asset - IMRF			12,861
Capital lease payable that does not require current financial resources, there capital lease payable is not reported in the governmental funds	fore		(10,262)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflo	ows of	f resources	
are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not			
reported in the governmental funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources:			
IMRF	\$	35,807	
TRS		139,099	
OPEB		3,687	178,593
Deferred inflows of resources:			
IMRF		(133,571)	
TRS		(364,117)	
OPEB		(84,400)	 (582,088)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period			
and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences payable		(49,957)	
Net pension liability - TRS		(208,472)	
Net OPEB liability		(636,200)	(894,629)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 3,790,667

EXHIBIT D

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds										
		neral Fund	Edu	cation Fund	Institute Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES											
Federal sources	\$	-	\$	71,573	\$	- \$	86,250	\$	157,823		
State sources		3,527,923		1,009,099		-	4,090		4,541,112		
Local sources:											
Intergovernmental		222,989		1,457,366	500)	6,223		1,687,078		
Fees for services		-		33,930	413,223		120,085		567,238		
Interest income		-		-	1,882	2	2,149		4,031		
On-behalf payments		950,196		-			-		950,196		
Total revenues		4,701,108		2,571,968	415,605	5	218,797		7,907,478		
EXPENDITURES											
Instructional services:											
Salaries		501,138		945,952	38,783	;	80,744		1,566,617		
Employee benefits		215,660		277,904	22,943	;	356		516,863		
Pension expense		725		35,031		-	7,019		42,775		
OPEB expense		2,423		4,458		-	48		6,929		
Purchased services		145,651		325,732	36,774	ŀ	53,989		562,146		
Supplies and materials		9,838		11,104	1,939)	21,293		44,174		
Miscellaneous		7,682		13,786	935	5	49,782		72,185		
On-behalf payments		950,196		-		-	-		950,196		
Intergovernmental											
Payments to other governments		2,987,525		-	91,024	ŀ	-		3,078,549		
Capital expenditures		-		549	9,525	5	-		10,074		
Total expenditures		4,820,838		1,614,516	201,923	;	213,231		6,850,508		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF											
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(119,730)		957,452	213,682	2	5,566		1,056,970		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in (out)		178,680		(194,373)		-	7,000		(8,693)		
Repayment of long-term lease payable		(16,845)		-		-	-		(16,845)		
Interest expense		(1,071)		-		-	-		(1,071)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		160,764		(194,373)		-	7,000		(26,609)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		41,034		763,079	213,682	2	12,566		1,030,361		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,091,496		1,721,206	915,226	<u>,</u>	275,894		4,003,822		
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	1,132,530	\$	2,484,285	\$ 1,128,908	<u>\$</u>	288,460	\$	5,034,183		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT E

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EXHIBIT F GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances		\$	1,030,361
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives.	he		
Depreciation expense			(16,663)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the ROE No. 34 fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.			
Prior year unavailable revenue	\$ (893,789)		
Current year unavailable revenue	41,683		(852,106)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the Pensions and OPEB not reported in the funds.			
Change in deferred items - IMRF	(195,181)		
Change in deferred items - TRS	186,075		
Change in deferred items - OPEB	(84,025)		(93,131)
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of cur financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	rrent		
Addition to compensated absences payable	(20,459)		
Deduction to net pension liability - IMRF	167,407		
Addition to net pension liability - TRS	60,774		
Addition to net OPEB liability	50,812		
Decrease in capital lease payable	16,845		275,379
Change in not position of concernment-1 tiiti		¢	242 940
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	343,840

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Education Services Division		Regional fe School		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total			
ASSETS										
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid expenses Total current assets	\$	193,199 15,716 - - 208,915	\$	87,267 176,880 	\$	109,055 195 - 7,860 117,110	\$	389,521 15,911 176,880 7,860 590,172		
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of depreciation		-		_		7,472		7,472		
TOTAL ASSETS		208,915		264,147		124,582		597,644		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenues		856,145 42,964		- - 86,965 -		12 - -		12 856,145 86,965 42,964		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		899,109		86,965		12		986,086		
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		(690,194)		- 177,182		7,472 117,098		7,472 (395,914)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(690,194)	\$	177,182	\$	124,570	\$	(388,442)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Education Services Division			Regional afe School		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	631,689	\$	-	\$	631,689	
Fees for services		103,730		-		25,727		129,457	
Total operating revenues		103,730		631,689		25,727		761,146	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries		7,182		236,339		-		243,521	
Employee benefits		303		78,456		-		78,759	
Purchased services		37,517		84,168		14,501		136,186	
Supplies and materials		10,158		4,546		3,487		18,191	
Payments to other governments		-		2,263		-		2,263	
Miscellaneous		7,963		42,060		908		50,931	
Capital expenditures		-		16,368		5,996		22,364	
Depreciation		-		-		2,515		2,515	
Total operating expenses		63,123		464,200		27,407		554,730	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		40,607		167,489		(1,680)		206,416	
OPERATING TRANSFERS									
Transfers in (out)		(1,000)		9,693		-		8,693	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		39,607		177,182		(1,680)		215,109	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		(729,801)		-		126,250		(603,551)	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(690,194)	\$	177,182	\$	124,570	\$	(388,442)	

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							ls
	Education			• •				
	Services		Regional		F	Interprise		
	D	Division	Sa	ife School		Funds		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts for workshops and services	\$	133,608	\$	454,809	\$	25,899	\$	614,316
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and services		(57,344)		(62,440)		(32,740)		(152,524)
Payments to employees		(7,485)		(314,795)		-		(322,280)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		68,779		77,574		(6,841)		139,512
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACT	TIVIT	TIES:						
Cash transfers from (to) other funds		(1,000)		9,693		-		8,693
Payments for interfund borrowing, net		(104,806)		-		-		(104,806)
Net cash provided by (used in)		<u>,</u>						· · · ·
noncapital financing activities		(105,806)		9,693		-		(96,113)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND								
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(37,027)		87,267		(6,841)		43,399
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,								
BEGINNING OF YEAR		230,226		-		115,896		346,122
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	193,199	\$	87,267	\$	109,055	\$	389,521
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	40,607	\$	167,489	\$	(1,680)	\$	206,416
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	Ŧ	,	Ŧ		Ŧ	(-,)	Ŧ	,
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		-		-		2,515		2,515
Effects of changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		(13,086)		-		(195)		(13,281)
Prepaid expense		-		-		(7,860)		(7,860)
Due from other governments		-		(176,880)		367		(176,513)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,706)		-		12		(1,694)
Due to other governments		-		86,965		-		86,965
Unearned revenue		42,964		-		-		42,964
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	68,779	\$	77,574	\$	(6,841)	\$	139,512

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Lake County Regional Office of Education No. 34 (ROE No. 34) is an entity that is a result of an Educational Service Region becoming a Regional Office of Education as of August 7, 1995. The ROE No. 34 operates under the School Code (105 ILCS 5/3 and 5/3A). ROE No. 34 encompasses all of Lake County, Illinois. A Regional Superintendent of Schools serves as Chief Administrative Officer of ROE No. 34 and is elected to the position for a four-year term pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/3 and 5/3A of the School Code.

The Regional Superintendent's responsibilities for administering the school educational service region programs include, but are not limited to, providing directions to teachers and school officials on science, art and teaching methods; implementing the Illinois State Board of Education's (ISBE) Policy Programs; encouraging camaraderie among teachers through the teachers' institute; making public notice of unfilled teaching positions within the region; and ensuring the safety, health, and welfare of the students in the region by periodically inspecting the school buildings and ensuring that the bus drivers have valid driving licenses and are properly trained to operate the school buses.

The financial statements of the ROE No. 34 have been prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

B. <u>Scope of the Reporting Entity</u>

In determining the financial reporting entity, the ROE No. 34 complies with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, "*The Financial Reporting Omnibus - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the ROE No. 34. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61 all component units that have a significant operationship with the ROE No. 34 have been included.

The following component units are entities, which are legally separate from the ROE Noe. 34, but are so intertwined with the ROE No. 34 that they are, in substance, the same as the ROE No. 34. They are supported as part of the ROE No. 34 and blended into the appropriate funds.

On August 8, 1995, ROE No. 34 assumed, pursuant to State law, the authority and responsibility of Educational Services Center No. 2 (ESC No. 2) of Lake County. The former ESC No. 2 is now the Educational Services Division of ROE No. 34 located in its Grayslake office. The ROE No. 34's Regional Superintendent of Schools is the administrative and fiscal agent for the Educational Services Division.

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The Educational Services Division is responsible, under the School Code, for providing a variety of in-service training and staff development opportunities to improve the knowledge and skills of educators and for serving as the primary regional delivery system for State and federal grant supported programs and services in education.

The ROE No. 34 administers the Attendance and Truancy Division (ATD) from its Grayslake office. The ROE No. 34's Regional Superintendent of Schools is the administrative and fiscal agent for ATD. ATD, also known as the Lake County Center for Dropout Prevention, was established in 1985 to provide educational services to chronic truants and potential dropouts. The primary goals of ATD are to reduce student truancy and to prevent students from dropping out of school. It provides counseling, tutoring, mentoring, attendance incentives, and a variety of enrichment activities that draw on community resources. It also provides teacher technical support services that give emphasis to creative and instructional strategies to make learning more interesting and engaging.

The ROE No. 34 administers the Northern Illinois Reading Recovery Consortium from its Grayslake office. The ROE No. 34's Regional Superintendent of Schools is the administrative and fiscal agent for the Consortium. The ROE No. 34 provides site coordination via a contracted consultant.

The ROE No. 34 provides administrative support for the Regional Board of School Trustees from its Grayslake office. The ROE No. 34's Regional Superintendent of Schools serves as Ex-Officio Secretary of the Board.

The Regional Board of Trustees consists of seven members from different townships who are elected to six-year terms by the voters of Lake County. The Board has jurisdiction over all matters regarding school boundary changes pursuant to Article 7 of the School Code.

The ROE No. 34 Alternative Program of Lake County is administered by the Lake County Regional Superintendent per the School Code of Illinois 5/13A-6. This is cited as the Safe Schools Law.

The ROE No. 34 is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight as to result in it being considered a component unit of the entity.

C. Government-wide Statements

The ROE No. 34's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the ROE No. 34 as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the ROE No. 34's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type.

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The ROE No. 34's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The ROE No. 34 first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational requirements or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the ROE No. 34 as an entity and the change in the ROE No. 34's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the ROE No. 34 are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories.

GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* (Statement), sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The ROE No. 34 may electively add funds, as major funds, which have a specific or community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the ROE No. 34 or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/ expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/ expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the ROE No. 34:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the ROE No. 34:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the ROE No. 34. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund. The following accounts (subfunds) are included in the general funds:

<u>General State Aid</u> - Used to account for grant monies received for, and payment of, expenditures for regional learning academy supplements.

<u>Educational Services Division Local Operations</u> - Used to account for monies received for, and payment of, expenditures relating to the operations of the Educational Services Division.

<u>Attendance and Truancy Division</u> - Used to account for monies received from interest, donations, and various miscellaneous income. These funds are used to defray staff development, training and professional membership expenses.

<u>Regional Safe Schools</u> - Used to account for monies received for, and payment of, expenditures relating to the operations of the Regional Safe School.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects. The ROE No. 34 reports two major special revenue funds and nine nonmajor special revenue funds. Major special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Education Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the State and federal grants and contracts administered by the ROE No. 34. The education accounts (subfunds) are as follows:

<u>Title I - Reading First Part B State Education Agency (SEA) Funds</u> - Funds provide assistance to school districts in establishing reading programs for students in kindergarten through third grade that are based on scientifically based reading research. Reading first also focuses on teacher development and ensuring that all teachers, including special education teachers, have the tools they need to effectively help their students learn to read.

<u>Regional Safe Schools</u> - This fund is an alternative schooling program for disruptive youth, creating alternative placement for those students who are suspended and/or are deemed ineligible.

<u>Truants Alternative/Optional Education</u> - Used to account for monies received from the ISBE to be used in the truant alternative program for Lake County students.

<u>McKinney Education for Homeless Children</u> - Used to account for grant monies received for, and payment of, expenditures associated with a federal program designed to provide counseling and educational support to homeless children and their families. The programs are funded by a federal Stewart B. McKinney Education for Homeless Children and Youth grant administered through the ISBE.

<u>Juvenile Detention</u> - Used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the operation of the educational program at the Lake County Juvenile Detention Center.

<u>Teacher Mentoring Program</u> - Used to account for grant money received and the expenditures incurred to support the State-wide new teacher mentoring program that includes assigning a mentor teacher to each new teacher for a period of at least two years and providing professional development designed to ensure the growth of the new teachers' knowledge and skills.

<u>Principal Mentoring Program</u> - Used to account for monies from the Illinois Principals Association for expenditures incurred to ensure that every new principal in the region receives a high-quality mentoring experience from trained mentors.

<u>ROE/ISC Operations</u> - Used to account for monies received for, and payment of, assisting schools in all areas of school improvement.

<u>EFAST Pilot Program</u> - Used to account for monies received from the State for expenditures in support of regional mathematics curriculum development activities.

<u>Title II - Teacher Quality Leadership</u> - Used to account for grant monies received for, and payment of, expenditures incurred in providing teacher and principal evaluation training to educators.

<u>Soaring with SAVE</u> - Used to account for grant monies received for, and payment of, expenditures incurred in the Soaring with SAVE after school program. The after school program includes academic tutoring, violence prevention, and enrichment support services to an identified population of middle school students at-risk of academic failure.

<u>Institute Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for fees collected for the registration and renewal of teaching licenses. These fees are used to defray administrative expenses incidental to teachers' institutes, workshops, or meetings of a professional nature that are designed to promote the professional growth of teachers or for the purpose of defraying the expenses of any general or special meeting of teachers or school personnel, which has been approved. All funds generated remain restricted until expended only on the aforementioned activities.

<u>Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds</u> - The ROE No. 34 reported the following special revenue funds as nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>General Education Development</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the processing of applications for the high school level test of general educational development and the issuance of diplomas upon successful completion of the examination. Statute requires excess funds accumulated for periods exceeding three years to be transferred into the Institute Fund.

<u>Bus Driver Training</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures incurred in conducting initial and refresher training classes for school bus drivers.

<u>Regional Board of School Trustees</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Regional Board of Trustees. This Board consists of seven members from different townships who are elected to six-year terms by the voters of Lake County. The Board has jurisdiction over all matters regarding school boundary changes pursuant to Article 7 of the School Code.

<u>Reading Recovery Installation Fees</u> - Used to account for monies received from Reading Recovery Consortium members and the interest earned on the funds.

<u>Reading Recovery Operations</u> - Used to account for monies received for, and payment of, expenditures in connection with books and materials for the reading recovery teachers and teacher leaders, supplies, travel expenses, meeting expenses, salary and benefits for teacher leaders, and required professional development.

<u>Distributive Interest</u> - Used to account for monies accumulated from interest earned on the general fund's checking account.

<u>Learning Technology Center</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures of establishing a statewide support system for information, professional development, technical assistance, network design, technology planning, leadership, and information exchange.

<u>Attendance and Truancy Division</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures of reducing student truancy and the prevention of students from dropping out of school.

<u>Educational Services Division</u> - Used to account for the revenues and expenditures of providing a variety of in-service training and staff development opportunities to improve the knowledge and skills of educators.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for resources from fees charged directly to those entities or individuals that use its services.

<u>Education Services Division</u> - Used to account for the fees received and expenses incurred providing a variety of in service training workshops and conferences.

<u>Regional Safe Schools</u> - Used to account for the fees received and expenses incurred from school districts in providing a variety of services to the students.

<u>Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u> - The ROE No. 34 reported the following funds as nonmajor enterprise funds:

<u>Attendance and Truancy Division</u> - Used to account for the fees received and expenses incurred providing workshops and conferences to prevent students from dropping out of school.

<u>Fingerprinting Assessment</u> - Used to account for the assessments received from the school districts to pay for the processing of fingerprinting the substitute teachers and expenses incurred for providing this service to the school districts.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues received more than 60 days after the end of the current period are considered unavailable revenue and are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements but are recognized as current revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The ROE No. 34 records on-behalf payments made by the State to the Teachers' Retirement System as revenue and expenditures.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the ROE No. 34 funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues. It is the ROE No. 34's policies to first apply restricted funds, then unrestricted. For unrestricted funds, committed funds are used first, then assigned funds, then unassigned, if any.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the ROE No. 34's enterprise funds are charges to users for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The cash and investment balances of the ROE No. 34 are valued at cost. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

State regulations require that the ROE No. 34 deposit funds under its control into accounts insured by the federal government, secured by substantial collateral or into pooled investment trusts. All funds not needed for immediate disbursements are maintained in interest bearing accounts. Statutes authorize ROE No. 34 to make deposits or invest in obligations of states and their political subdivisions, saving accounts, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool.

G. <u>Receivables</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. Major receivables balances for governmental and business-type activities include amounts due from other governments. Due from other governments represents amounts due from the ISBE, other agencies, and districts.

H. Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the ROE No. 34 as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets.

The ROE No. 34 reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and Equipment 3 - 7 Years

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the government year. Deferred inflows of resources in the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the current year or expected to be collected within the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the government year. Deferred inflows of resources in the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds consist of receivables not collected within 60 days after year end. Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position relate to pensions and OPEB and consist of the unamortized portion of the net difference between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

K. Unearned Revenue

The ROE No. 34 reports unearned revenue when proceeds have been received but will be earned or spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

L. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary

net positions of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and additions to/deductions from TRS' and IMRF's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS and IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the purpose of measuring the Regional Office of Education No. 34's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Regional Office of Education No. 34's OPEB Plan, and additions to/deductions from the Regional Office of Education No. 34's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Regional Office of Education No. 34's Plan. For this purpose, the Regional Office of Education No. 34's Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term.

M. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

N. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted general and sick leave in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested general and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable available resources.

Upon the termination of an employee eligible to use general leave, all accumulated leave credit will be paid as of the date of termination up to a maximum of 330 hours. Effective July 1, 2010 the ROE No. 34 amended their policy for general leave accrual and carryover as it applies to grant-funded employees. Any grant-funded employees hired after the effective date will be allowed to accrue general leave according to county policy during the ROE No. 34's fiscal year.

These hours must be used by August 31 following that fiscal year. Any unused general leave not used by August 31 following a fiscal year will be lost and not paid out upon subsequent termination. Any grant-funded employees hired before the effective date will not lose their carryover balance as of June 30, 2010 to a maximum of 330 hours. However, at August 31 following a ROE No. 34's fiscal year the grant-funded employees' carryover balance cannot exceed their carryover balance as of the beginning of the fiscal year. Any unused general leave earned during a fiscal year starting July 1, 2010 not used by August 31 following that fiscal year end will be lost and not paid out upon subsequent termination. Employees will not be able to carryover additional general leave that they earned starting on July 1, 2010; the only carryover allowed is their balance as of June 30, 2010 that has not been used subsequent to that date. The allowed carryover will be paid as of the date of termination.

Eligible employees who terminate and are in good standing may receive payment for 50% of their accumulated sick leave bank in excess of 30 days to a maximum of 60 days. Reimbursements are paid at the employee's then current pay rate. Under certain conditions, a retiring, vested employee can receive up to a maximum of one year of pension service credit for accumulated, unused, unpaid sick leave.

Eligible employees with at least 30 unused sick leave days in their sick bank may elect to receive cash reimbursement for sick leave days that they accrued during the current fiscal year, less any sick leave days taken that year, at 50% value. This reimbursement option is only offered to employees once a year, usually at the end of the fiscal year. The ROE No. 34 records accrued sick leave for amounts payable to employees who elected to be paid for sick days that accumulated during the current year. Accrued sick leave reimbursement amounted to \$0 as of June 30, 2018. The ROE No. 34 suspended the sick leave day reimbursement option in fiscal year 2010 as part of its cost saving programs.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

P. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position of the ROE No. 34 is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Q. <u>Revenue</u>

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the ROE No. 34 receives value without directly giving value in return, include grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the ROE No. 34 must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the ROE No. 34 on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized.

Revenues from federal and State grant awards are recorded net of the amount due to the State for the unused portion of the grant or the amount carried over to the following fiscal year project. Amounts due to the State or carried over to the following year project are recorded as liabilities.

Charges for services result from exchange or exchange-like transactions, in which customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services. Teacher licensure and permit revenues are recognized in the year for which the licenses and permits are issued.

R. Budgetary Information

The ROE No. 34 did not adopt a formal budget nor is it legally required to do so for the year ended June 30, 2018; subsequently, the accompanying financial statements are not presented on a budgetary basis whereby budget and actual revenues and expenditures are compared; however, the ISBE, a granting agent, requires budgets for certain program money. For the year ended June 30, 2018, a budgetary comparison schedule is presented for the following grant funds: Regional Safe Schools, Truants Alternative/Optional Education, McKinney Education for Homeless Children, ROE/ISC Operations, and Title II - Teacher Quality Leadership.

S. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

The following funds had deficit fund balance/net position as of June 30, 2018:

Fund		Amount		
Education - Regional Safe School	\$	30,888		
Education - Truants Alternative/Optional Education		29,542		
Education - Teacher Mentoring Program		242		
Education - ROE/ISC Operations		1,880		
Nonmajor Special Revenue - Learning Technology Center		4,441		
Nonmajor Special Revenue - Education Services Division		51,138		
Proprietary - Education Services Division		690,194		

The deficit fund balances are due to grants being over expended and/or due to timing of recognition of revenue. It is expected that these deficits will continue into the future, however some of the deficits will be reduced as funds become available.

T. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

During fiscal year 2018, the ROE No. 34 implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions; GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements; GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017; and GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenditures and identified the note disclosure and required supplementary information reporting requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 improved the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 addressed practice issues identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB statements such as issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 established uniform guidance for recognizing debt that is defeased in-

substance, regardless of how cash and other monetary assets placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of extinguishing debt were acquired. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 resulted in prior period adjustment to net position in order to reflect the related deferred outflows, inflows, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability. The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 81, 85 and 86 had no impact on the ROE No. 34's financial statements.

V. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 29, 2020 which is the date when the financial statements were available to be issued. The review and evaluation revealed no new material events or transactions which would require an additional adjustment or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the ROE No. 34 to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services are Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission, Illinois Funds operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the ROE No. 34's deposits totaled \$4,505,390 and the bank balances totaled \$5,480,228. Of the total bank balances, \$3,050 was invested in the Illinois Funds Money Market as of June 30, 2018. The ROE No. 34 held sufficient collateral for all bank balances as of June 30, 2018.

Investments

ROE No. 34's established investment policy follows the State of Illinois Public Funds Investment Act which authorizes the ROE No. 34 to purchase certain obligations of the U.S. Treasury, federal agencies, and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit and time deposits covered by federal depository insurance; commercial paper of U.S. corporations with assets exceeding \$500,000,000, if such paper is rated at the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; money market funds and the Illinois Funds.

As of June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 had investments with a carrying value of \$115,298 invested in certificates of deposits, with interest rates ranging from 0.25% to 1.24% and various maturity dates. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Treasurer has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to valuation methodology include the following:
 - * Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - * Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - * Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - * Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other mean.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use unobservable inputs.

Certificates of deposit were valued at cost, which approximates fair value (Level 2). There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2018.

Credit Risk

At June 30, 2018, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund had a Standards and Poor's AAAm rating. The pool is audited annually by an outside independent auditor and copies of the report are distributed to participants. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the fund is administered by the Illinois State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235. All investments are fully collateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

The Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, created by the Illinois General Assembly, enables custodians of public funds an investment option with a competitive rate of return on fully collateralized investments and immediate access to the funds. The investment policy of the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund states that unless authorized specifically by the Treasurer, a minimum

of 75% of its investments shall have less than one-year maturity and no investment shall exceed two years maturity.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the ROE No. 34 will not be able to recover its investments or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, ROE No. 34's investments are fully collateralized.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the ROE No. 34 will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the ROE No. 34's investment in the Illinois Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the ROE No. 34's investment in a single issuer. The ROE No. 34 shall diversify its investments to the best of its ability based on the type of funds invested and the 'cash flow needs of those funds. Diversification can be by type of investment, number of institutions invested in, and length of maturity. At year-end, the ROE No. 34 does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The ROE No. 34 has funds due from/to various other governmental units which consist of the following:

Due from Other Governmental Agencies:

Local school districts ISBE Others	\$ 429,252 83,371 2,147
Total	\$ 514,770
Due to Other Governmental Agencies:	
Local school districts	\$ 316,982
Total	\$ 316,982

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activities for the year were as follows:

	E	Balance					B	Balance
	July 1, 2017		July 1, 2017 Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2018	
Furniture and equipment	\$	183,551	\$	_	\$	_	\$	183,551
Less accumulated depreciation		156,562		16,663		_		173,225
Total capital assets, net	\$	26,989	\$ (16,663)	\$		\$	10,326

Depreciation expense of \$16,663 was charged to the instructional services function of the governmental funds.

Business-type Activities

Business-type capital asset activities for the year were as follows:

	В	alance					В	alance
	July 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2018	
Furniture and equipment	\$	36,244	\$	_	\$	_	\$	36,244
Less accumulated depreciation		26,257		2,515				28,772
Total capital assets, net	\$	9,987	\$	(2,515)	\$		\$	7,472

Depreciation expense of \$2,515 was charged to the Nonmajor Proprietary Fund - Fingerprinting Assessment Fund.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Employee Retirement System - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The retirement plans of the ROE No. 34 include the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Most funding for TRS is provided through payroll withholdings of certified employees and contributions made by the State of Illinois on-behalf of the ROE No. 34. The ROE No. 34 is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The ROE No. 34 reimburses Lake County for the contributions made for the participating employees. Each retirement system is discussed below.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The ROE No. 34 contributes, through Lake County, to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. However, the ROE No. 34's participation in IMRF is equivalent to a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan since only one actuarial valuation is performed for both Lake County and the ROE No. 34 combined. All disclosures for an agent plan can be found in Lake County's annual financial report.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership

As of December 31, 2017, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Plan Members 16

A detailed breakdown of IMRF membership for the County and the ROE combined is available in the Lake County's comprehensive annual financial report.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary to IMRF. Lake County and the ROE No, 34 are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year ended 2017 was 10.88% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, salaries totaling \$292,702 were paid that required employer contributions of \$31,846, which was equal to the Regional Office of Education's actual contributions.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported an asset of \$12,861 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The ROE No. 34's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ROE No. 34's actual contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the actual contributions of Lake County as a whole. At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34's proportion was 0.22%, which was an increase of 0.01% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation.
- The **Investment Rate of Return** was assumed to be 7.50%.
- **Projected Retirement Age** was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF-specific rates for **Mortality** were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For **Disabled Retirees**, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2017:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37%	6.85%
International Equity	18	6.75
Fixed Income	28	3.00
Real Estate	9	5.75
Alternative Investments	7	2.65-7.35
Cash Equivalents	1	2.25
Total	100%	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%, the municipal bond rate is 3.31%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary et Position (B)	Ι	t Pension Liability (Asset) A) - (B)
Balances as of December 31, 2016	\$ 1,618,535	\$ 1,463,989	\$	154,546
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	31,297	_		31,297
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	127,446	_		127,446
Changes of Benefit Terms	_	_		_
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	4,258	_	(4,258 continued)

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B)
Changes of Assumptions	53,259	_	53,259
Contributions - Employer	_	32,087	(32,087)
Contributions - Employees	_	13,621	(13,621)
Net Investment Income	_	271,566	(271,566)
Benefit Payment, including Refunds of			
Employee Contributions	(82,991)	(82,991)	_
Other (Net Transfer)		66,393	(66,393)
Net Changes	133,269	300,676	(167,407)
Balances as of December 31, 2017	\$ 1,751,804	\$ 1,764,665	\$ (12,861)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		% Lower	Current Discount		1% Higher		
	((6.50%)	(7.50%)		(8.50%)		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	204,670	\$	(12,861)	\$	(190,703)	

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ending June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 recognized pension expense of \$60,649. At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods					
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	12,002 8,003	\$	(14,607) (44,180)	
earnings on pension plan investments				(74,784) (continued)	

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods Pension contributions made subsequent to the	20,005	(133,571)
measurement date	15,802	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pension	\$ 35,807	\$ (133,571)

\$15,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	 t Deferred s of Resources
2018	\$ (9,845)
2019	(21,927)
2020	(43,578)
2021	(38,216)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (113,566)

Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The ROE No. 34 participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2017; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling 888-678-3675, option 2.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier 1 members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier 1 members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier 2 members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier 2 are identical to those of Tier 1. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier 1.

Essentially all Tier 1 retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier 2 annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier 3 hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. The earliest possible implementation date is July 1, 2019.

Contributions

The State of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the Pension Code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 9.0 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the ROE No. 34.

On behalf contributions to TRS. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the ROE No. 34. For the year ended June 30, 2018, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the ROE No. 34 were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net

pension liability associated with the ROE No. 34, and the ROE No. 34 recognized revenue and expenditures of \$290,417 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions. Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$2,430, and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer pension contribution was 10.10 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2018, salaries totaling \$68,755 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$6,944. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

Employer retirement cost contributions. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members retiring under the ERO. The payments vary depending on the member's age and salary. The maximum employer ERO contribution under the program that ended on June 30, 2016 is 146.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 paid \$0 to TRS for employer ERO contributions for retirements that occurred before July 1, 2016.

The ROE No. 34 is also required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent and \$0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the employer. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the ROE No. 34 as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the employer follows below:

ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 208,472
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the ROE No. 34	 2,950,935
Total	\$ 3,159,407

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The ROE No. 34's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ROE No. 34's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2017, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2017, the ROE No. 34's proportion was .0002728757 percent, which was a decrease of .0000682183 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 recognized pension expense of \$290,417 and revenue of \$290,417 for support provided by the state. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE recognized a pension benefit of \$237,432. At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	red Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	2,264	\$	96
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		143		_
Changes of assumptions		13,914		5,991
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		113,404		358,030
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		9,374		
Total	\$	139,099	\$	364,117

\$9,374 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ending June 30	Outfl	et Deferred ows (Inflows) Resources
2019	\$	(254,424)
2020		(1,391)
2021		26,884
2022		(4,006)
2023		(1,455)
Total	\$	(234,392)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent			
Salary increases	varies by amount of service credit			
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation			

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with adjustments as appropriate for TRS experiences. The rates are used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014. The same assumptions were used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	14.4%	6.94%
U.S. equities small/mid cap	3.6	8.09
International equities developed	14.4	7.46
Emerging market equities	3.6	10.15
U.S. bonds core	10.7	2.44
International debt developed	5.3	1.70
Real estate	15.0	5.44
Commodities (real return)	11.0	4.28
Hedge funds (absolute return)	8.0	4.16
Private equity	14.0	10.63
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent, which was a change from the June 30, 2016 rate of 6.83 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2017 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier 1's liability is partially funded by Tier 2 members, as the Tier 2 member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier 2 benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

At June 30, 2016, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.83 percent. The discount rate was lower than the actuarially-assumed rate of return on investments that year because TRS's fiduciary net position and the subsidy provided by Tier 2 were not sufficient to cover all projected benefit payments.

Sensitivity of the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Decrease 6.00%)	Discount Rate 7.00%)	Increase 8.00%)
ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 256,135	\$ 208,472	\$ 169,432

TRS fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2017 is available in the separately issued TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Teachers' Health Insurance Security

THIS Plan Description

ROE No. 34 participates in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) fund. The THIS fund is a non-appropriated trust fund held outside the State Treasury, with the State Treasurer as custodian. Additions deposited into the Trust are for the sole purpose of providing the health benefits to retirees, as established under the plan, and associated administrative costs. The THIS fund is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that covers retired employees of participating employers throughout the State of Illinois, excluding the Chicago Public School System. THIS health coverage includes provisions for medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits. Annuitants may participate in the State administered Preferred Provider Organization plan or choose from several managed care options. As a result of the Governor's Executive Order 12-01, the responsibilities in relation to THIS were transferred to the Department of Central Management Services (CMS) as of July 1, 2013. The CMS administers the plan with the cooperation of the TRS.

Benefits Provided

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The plan is administered by CMS with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 required all active contributors to TRS who are not employees of the State to make a contribution to the THIS Fund.

A percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

On-behalf contributions to the THIS Fund

The State of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the ROE No. 34. For the year ended June 30, 2018, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the ROE No. 34 were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the ROE No. 34, and recognized revenue and expenditures of \$4,944 in OPEB contributions from the State of Illinois.

Employer contributions to the THIS Fund

The ROE No. 34 also makes contributions to the THIS Fund. The employer THIS Fund contribution was 0.88 percent during the year ended June 30, 2018 and 0.84 and 0.80 percent during the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 paid \$3,687 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the ROE No. 34 paid \$3,284 and \$3,404, respectively, which was 100 percent of the required contributions.

Further information on the THIS Fund

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services." Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services."

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.25% at 1 year of service to 3.25% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption
Investment rate of return Healthcare cost trend rates	0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Actual trend used for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal years on and after 2018, trend starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%. Additional trend rate
	of 0.59% is added to non-Medicare costs on and after 2020 to account for the Excise Tax.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates

were based on the RP-Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014.

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

Since the THIS fund is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, the sponsor has selected a discount rate consistent with the 20-year general obligation bond index described above. The discount rates are 2.85 percent as of June 30, 2016, and 3.56 percent as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the ROE's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (2.56%)	Discount Rate (3.56%)	1% Increase (4.56%)
ROE NO. 34's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 533,728	\$ 444,748	\$ 373,599

Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following table shows the ROE No. 34's net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, using current trend rates and sensitivity trend rates that are either 1-percentage-point higher or lower. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.09% in 2025, for non-Medicare coverage, and 9.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage.

	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%
	Decrease ^a	Trend Rates	Increase ^b
ROE No. 34's proportionate share of			
the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 358,979	\$ 444,748	\$ 567,921

- ^a One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.09% in 2025 for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage.
- ^b One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 6.09% in 2025, for non-Medicare coverage, and 10.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50% in 2027 for Medicare coverage.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the ROE No. 34. The amount recognized by the ROE No. 34 as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the ROE No. 34 were as follow:

ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 444,748
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated	
with the ROE No. 34	584,082
Total	\$ 1,028,830

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, and was rolled forward to the June 30, 2017 measurement date. The ROE No. 34's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the ROE No. 34's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of the ROE No. 34, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the ROE No. 34 proportion was 0.001714 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000113 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016 (0.001827 percent). The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 recognized OPEB expense of \$4,944 and revenue of \$4,944 for the support provided by the State. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 recognized OPEB expense of \$28,907.

At June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	d Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ —	\$	252
Changes of assumptions	_		52,953
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_		5
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate			-
share of contributions	_		27,033
Employer contributions subsequent to the			,
measurement date	 3,687		_
Total	\$ 3,687	\$	80,243

\$3,687 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from ROE No. 34 contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the ROE No. 34's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources		
2019	\$ (12,327)		
2020	(12,327)		
2021	(12,327)		
2022	(12,327)		
2023	(12,325)		
Thereafter	 (18,610)		
Total	\$ (80,243)		

THIS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the THIS Fund fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2017, is available in the separately issued THIS Financial Report.

Health Insurance Plan

Plan Descriptions, Provisions, and Funding Policies

Plan Description. ROE No. 34 provides postemployment medical benefits to eligible retirees, spouses and survivors through the Lake County Group Health Insurance Plan, a single-employer, self-insured health care plan. The benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed and can be amended by the Lake County Board.

Benefits Provided. The ROE No. 34 provides continued health insurance coverage at the blended employer rate to all eligible ROE No. 34 retirees in accordance with the Illinois Compiled Statutes, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. The ROE No. 34 offers one of three self-insured plans: PPO, HMO, and HMO Blue. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. The benefits include general outpatient and inpatient medical services and prescriptions. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceeds the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by Lake County and is the basis for the OPEB obligation accounted for under GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, a dental and vision insurance benefit is made available to eligible retired employees on a fully contributory basis. Since retirees pay the full premium for dental and vision benefits, there is no liability associated with either benefit. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75.

Membership. At June 30, 2018, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employee currently receiving benefit payment	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	_
Active employees	21
Total	22
Participating Employer	1

Funded Policies and Contributions

There is no funding policy that exists for the postretirement plan at this time, as the total OPEB liabilities are currently an unfunded obligation.

The employer contributions and benefit payments are related to the increase in active premiums due to the presence of retirees in the determination of blended retiree/active premiums.

Contributions from other Regional Office of Education resources and benefit payments from other ROE resources are contributions made to and benefit payments made from the OPEB Plan that were not directly made to or from the OPEB Trust. There were no contributions or benefit payments from other Regional Office of Education resources.

Total OPEB Liability

The ROE No. 34's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability is the portion of the actuarial present value of the total projected benefits allocated to years of employment prior to the measurement date.

Discount Rate	3.87%
Medical Consumer Price Index Trend	Chained-CPI (C-CPI) of 2.00% per annum
Census Data and Valuation Date	Valuation date of July 1, 2017 based on the census
	provided by the County as of November 2018.
Spousal Coverage	For current retirees, the assumed number of eligible dependents is based on the current proportions of single and family contracts. For active employees, we have assumed that 35% of spouses will participate in the retiree benefit plans. Males were assumed to be 3 years older than their spouse.
Medicare Eligibility	All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.
Amortization Method	<i>Experience/Assumptions</i> gains and losses are amortized over a closed period of 6.8 years, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (who have no future service) for the fiscal year.
Plan Participation Percentage	It is assumed that 80% of all employees and their dependents who are eligible for pre-Medicare retiree benefits will participate in the retiree medical plan. If Medicare eligible, then it is assumed that 10% will participate. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate is made at retirement.
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-2018 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes in Benefits

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, there have been no changes of benefit terms from the prior period.

Changes in assumptions

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, changes include updating the mortality to be a generational table with updated projection scales released by the Society of Actuaries, an interest rate using 20-year bond rates and a change in Actuarial Cost methodology to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method as per GASB Statement No. 75.

The plan experience and assumption changes mentioned above are not reflected in the GASB Statement No. 75 schedule of statement of changes, as they were liabilities represented under GASB Statement No. 45. In the transition year, there were no changes (other than discount rate) to assumptions nor experience.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net OPEB Liability (A) - (B)	
Balances at July 1, 2017 (as restated,						
see Note 12)	\$	187,615	\$	_	\$	187,615
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		6,183		_		6,183
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	6,860		_			6,860
Changes of Benefit Terms		_		_		_
Difference Between Expected						
and Actual Experience of the Total						
OPEB Liability		_		—		_
Changes of Assumptions		(4,873)		_		(4,873)
Contributions - Employer		_		_		_
Contributions - Employees		_		_		_
Net Investment Income		_		_		_
Benefit Payments, including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions		(4,333)		_		(4,333)
Other (Net Transfer)		_		_		_
Net Changes		3,837		_		3,837
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	191,452	\$		\$	191,452

Discount rate

Discount rate is based on employer's assets and calculation of Actuarial Determined Contribution (ADC) if prefunding. If plan is unfunded, 20-year tax exempt municipal bond yield used.

Municipal Bond Rate

The municipal bond rate assumption is based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate is the June 28, 2018 rate. The 20-Bond GO Index is based on an average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA.

The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

The indexes represent theoretical yields rather than actual price or yield quotations. Municipal bond traders are asked to estimate what a current-coupon bond for each issuer in the indexes would yield if the bond was sold at par value. The indexes are simple averages of the average estimated yield of the bonds.

Sensitivity of the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the ROE No. 34's total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the ROE No. 34's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point higher (4.87%) or 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Lower	Current Discount	1% Higher	
	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$175,927	\$191,452	\$209,034	

Sensitivity of the ROE No. 34's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the ROE No. 34's total OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the ROE's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower, than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	Health			
	1% Lower	Trend Rates	1% Higher	
	Varies	Varies	Varies	
Net OPEB Liability	\$167,015	\$191,452	\$219,919	

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the ROE No. 34 recognized OPEB expense of \$12,326. At June 30, 2018 the ROE No. 34 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer Outflo		Deferred Inflows of		
Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		Resources		Resources	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in OPEB					
Expense in Future Periods					
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	
Change in assumptions		_		(4,157)	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		_			
Total OPEB expense to be recognized					
in future periods		_		(4,157)	
OPEB contributions made subsequent					
to the measurement date		_		_	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB	\$	_	\$	(4,157)	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in OPEB expense in the upcoming years:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2019	\$ (717)
2020	(717)
2021	(717)
2022	(717)
2023	(717)
Thereafter	(572)
Total	\$ (4,157)
NOTE 7 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances are advances in anticipation of receipts to cover temporary cash shortages. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report is as follows:

Fund	Due from other funds		Du	Due to other funds		
General Fund						
General State Aid	\$	11,735	\$	_		
Educational Services Division Local Operations		856,145		_		
Education Fund						
Regional Safe School		_		11,735		
Truants Alternative/Optional Education		_		29,703		
Juvenile Detention Fund		29,945		_		
Teacher Mentoring Pilot		_		242		
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds						
General Education Development		6,111		_		
Bus Driver Training		67,042		_		
Regional Board of School Trustees		_		1,126		
Learning Technology Center		_		4,441		
Attendance and Truancy Division		_		544		
Educational Services Division		_		67,042		
Proprietary Funds						
Education Services Division	<u>.</u>	_		856,145		
Total	\$	970,978	\$	970,978		

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfer in		Tran	Transfer out	
General Fund					
General State Aid	\$	177,680	\$	_	
Attendance and Truancy Division		1,000		_	
Education Fund					
Regional Safe Schools		—		194,373	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds					
Attendance and Truancy Division		7,000		_	
			(co	ontinued)	

Fund	Transfer in	Tra	Transfer out		
Proprietory Funds					
Proprietary Funds			1 000		
Education Services Division	—		1,000		
Regional Safe School	9,693				
Total	\$ 195,373	\$	195,373		

Transfers are generally made to provide supplemental funding or move resources from the fund required to collect the resources to the fund required to expend the resources.

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Leases

The ROE No. 34 has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a copier. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date in the capital assets account. The gross amount of assets recorded under the capital lease is \$78,163 and the accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2018 was \$69,043. The lease includes an end of term purchase option of \$1.

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount			
2019	\$ 10,45			
Interest Portion		(189)		
Present value of minimum				
lease payments	\$	10,262		

Operating Leases

The ROE No. 34 is committed under lease agreements for a building facility for its Safe Schools program located in Zion, IL, and classroom space for its Educational Services Division operations located in Grayslake, IL.

For fiscal year 2018, the lease for the Safe Schools program located in Zion, IL required a monthly lease payment of \$11,225. Total rental expense for this facility for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$134,702. Moreover, during fiscal year 2018, the ROE No. 34 ended the lease agreement with Zion-Benton and entered into a new lease agreement with Grace Missionary church. The new lease agreement has commenced on July 1, 2018 with a 5-year initial term and 1-year additional renewal option.

Future minimum rentals are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2019	\$ 45,312	
2020	45,312	
2021	45,312	
2022	56,640	
2023	67,968	_
Total	\$ 260,544	-

For fiscal year 2018, the lease agreement for the Educational Services Division required quarterly lease payments of \$9,033 with an option for annual renewal. Total rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$36,133. During fiscal year 2018, this lease was renewed for fiscal year 2019. The new lease agreement requires monthly lease payments of \$3,100 with an option for annual renewal. Future minimum lease payments under the lease total \$37,196 for fiscal year 2019.

Long-term Liability Activities

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of debt	Restated Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:				
Compensated absences	\$ 29,498	\$ 37,847	\$ (17,388)	\$ 49,957
Net pension liability - TRS	269,246	_	(60,774)	208,472
Net OPEB liability	687,012		(50,812)	636,200
Total	\$ 985,756	\$ 37,847	\$ (128,974)	\$ 894,629

NOTE 9 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The State of Illinois paid the following salaries on behalf of the ROE No. 34:

Regional Superintendent salary	\$ 115,176
Assistant Regional Superintendents salary	103,656
Regional Superintendent fringe benefits	
(includes State paid insurance)	22,914
Assistant Regional Superintendent fringe benefits	
(includes State paid insurance)	 32,931
Total	\$ 274,677

Salary and benefit data for the Regional Superintendent and the Assistant Regional Superintendent were calculated based on data provided by the ISBE. The ROE No. 34 recorded the on-behalf payments as both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund.

Lake County paid the following on behalf of the ROE No. 34:

Salaries of office workers paid by Lake County	\$ 420,321
Lake County's share in health insurance contributions	114,854
Lake County's share in retirement contribution	36,534
Other administrative expense	 103,810
Total	\$ 675,519

The ROE No. 34 also recorded \$290,417 in revenues and expenses as on-behalf payments from ISBE for the ROE No. 34's share of the State's TRS pension expense in the Statement of Activities. In addition, the ROE No. 34 recorded \$4,944 in revenue and expenses on-behalf payments from CMS for Regional Office's share of the State's THIS contributions in the Statement of Activities. Further, the ROE No. 34 has not included any on-behalf payments related to the State's TRS pension expense for the Regional Superintendent or Assistant Regional Superintendent.

State of Illinois on-behalf payments	\$ 274,677
ROE No. 34's share of TRS pension expense	290,417
THIS fund contributions	4,944
Total	\$ 570,038

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance Classifications

In the governmental funds financial statements, the ROE No. 34 considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The ROE No. 34 first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - the portion of a Governmental Fund's net position that are not available to be spent, either short term or long term, in either form or through legal restrictions. The General Fund - Educational Services Division Local Operations and Education Fund - Regional Safe Schools have nonspendable fund balance made up of prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance - the portion of a Governmental Fund's net position that is subject to external enforceable legal restrictions. The following fund balance accounts are restricted by grant

agreements or contracts: Education Fund - Title I - Reading First Part B SEA Funds, Education Fund - McKinney Education for Homeless Children, Education Fund - Juvenile Detention, Education Fund - Principal Mentoring Program, Education Fund - EFAST Pilot Program, Education Fund - Soaring with SAVE, Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Regional Board of School Trustees, Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Reading Recovery Installation Fees, Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Distributive Interest, and Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Attendance and Truancy Division. The following funds are restricted by Illinois Statute: Institute Fund, Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - General Education Development, and Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Bus Driver Training.

Committed Fund Balance - the portion of a Governmental Fund's net position with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been placed at the highest level of decision making. There are no accounts presenting a committed fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance - the portion of a Governmental Fund's net position to denote an intended use of resources. The accounts presented with assigned fund balances are specified for a particular purpose by the Regional Superintendent. General Fund - General State Aid and General Fund - Attendance and Truancy Division represent assigned fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - available expendable financial resources in a governmental fund that are not designated for a specific purpose. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes. The unassigned balance is made up of the General Fund - General State Aid, General Fund - Educational Services Division Local Operations, General Fund - Regional Safe Schools, Education Fund - Regional Safe Schools, Education Fund - Truants Alternative/Optional Education, Education Fund - Teacher Mentoring Program, Education Fund - ROE/ISC Operations, Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Learning Technology Center and Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Educational Services Division.

Net Position Classifications

Governmental activities:

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2018:

<u>66 verminental aetivities.</u>	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 10,326
Less capital related debt	
Capital lease payable	(10,262)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 64
Business-type activities:	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,472

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The ROE No. 34 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the ROE No. 34's employees. The ROE No. 34 has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds.

There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - RESTATEMENT

The ROE No. 34 restated its net position as of July 1, 2017 to recognize deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net OPEB liability in the current year due to the implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75. This adjustment decreased the ROE No. 34's net position by \$517,284.

A reconciliation of net position reported on prior period financial statements and as restated follows:

Governmental Activities Net Position:

Net position - beginning of year	\$ 3,964,111
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	 (517,284)
Net position, restated - beginning of year	\$ 3,446,827

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Lake County Last Three Calendar Years

	12/31/2015		1	12/31/2016		2/31/2017
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.20765%		0.20765%		0.22132%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	179,293	\$	154,546	\$	(12,861)
Covered Payroll	\$	302,345	\$	280,047	\$	294,963
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability						
as a % of its Covered Payroll		59.30%		55.19%		(4.36%)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the						
Total Pension Liability		88.57%		90.45%		100.73%

* The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year end.

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Lake County

Calendar										Actual Contribution		
Year	Ac	tuarially					as a Percentage					
Ended	Det	ermined		Actual		D	eficiency		Covered	of Covered		
December 31,	Cor	ntribution		Contribution		(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll		
2017	\$	30,765	*	\$	32,087	\$	(1,322)	\$	294,963	10.88%		
2016		29,461	*		30,155		(694)		280,047	10.77%		
2015		32,532	*		33,010		(478)		302,345	10.92%		

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2017 Contribution Rate*

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2017 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	26-year closed period
Asset Valuation Method:	5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Wage Growth:	3.50%
Price Inflation:	2.75% - approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.
Salary Increases:	3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return:	7.50%
Retirement Age:	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to 2013.
Mortality:	For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
Other Information	

Other Information:

Notes:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

* Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

]	FY2017*]	FY2016*]	FY2015*]	FY2014*
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer Total		00027288% 208,472 2,950,935	0.0 \$)0034109% 269,246 3,294,512	0.0 \$	00841894% 55,153 3,293,339	0.0 \$	00462350% 28,138 2,750,897
Total	\$	3,159,407	\$	3,563,758	\$	3,348,492	\$	2,779,035
Employer's covered payroll Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$	390,931	\$	425,523	\$	496,744	\$	481,505
percentage of its covered payroll		53.3%		63.3%		11.1%		5.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		39.3%		36.4%		41.5%		43.0%

* The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

	FY2018**		FY2017**		FY2016**		FY2015**		F	Y2014**
Statutorily-required contribution	\$	37,709	\$	35,184	\$	13,295	\$	2,881	\$	1,650
Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution		37,709		35,184		13,400	\$	2,881	\$	1,650
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(105)	\$	-	\$	-
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	418,985 9.00%	\$	390,931 9.00%	\$	425,523 3.15%	\$	496,744 0.58%	\$	481,505 0.34%

** The information in both schedules will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by Statement No. 68.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of assumptions

For the 2017 and 2016 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

For the 2014 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was also 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. However, salary increases were assumed to vary by age.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability Teacher's Health Insurance Security Fund Last Two Fiscal Years*

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	2017			2016		
Employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.00	017140000%	0.00	018270000%		
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	444,748	\$	499,397		
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated						
with the employer		584,082		692,441		
Total		1,028,830		1,191,838		
Employer's covered payroll	\$	390,931	\$	425,523		
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability						
as a percentage of its covered payroll		113.8%		117.4%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-0.17%		-0.22%		

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher's Health Insurance Security Fund Last Three Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017		 2016
Statutorily-required contribution	\$	3,687	\$	3,284	\$ 3,404
Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution		3,687		3,284	3,404
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$	418,985	\$	390,931	\$ 425,523
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.88%		0.84%	0.80%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Changes of Benefit Term

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, there have been no changes of benefit terms from the prior period.

Changes of Assumptions

Because this is implementation year of GASB 74/75, the beginning Total OPEB Liability is based on the same assumptions, data and plan provisions as the ending Total OPEB Liability. For the purpose of developing changes in OPEB Liability for GASB 74/75 reporting, there have been no changes in assumptions from the prior period.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Plan

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	6,183
Interest		6,860
Changes of assumptions		(4,873)
Benefit payments		(4,333)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,837
Total OPEB liability - beginning		187,615
Total OPEB liability - ending (A)	\$	191,452
OPEB plan net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	_
Contributions - employees	Ψ	-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments		-
Administrative expense		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$	-
Net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (A) - (B)	\$	191,452
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered valuation payroll	\$	-
Net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll		N/A

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes of Benefit Term

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, there have been no changes of benefit terms from the prior period.

Changes of Assumptions

Changes include updating the mortality to be a generational table with updated projection scales released by the Society of Actuaries, an interest rate using 20 year bond rates and a change in Actuarial Cost methodology to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method as per GASB Statement No. 75.

The plan experience and assumption changes mentioned above are not reflected in the GASB Statement No. 75 schedule of statement of changes, as they were liabilities represented under GASB Statement No. 45. In the transition year, There were no changes (other than discount rate) to assumptions nor experience.

Schedule of Employer's Contributions Health Insurance Plan

	2	2018*
Actuarially-determined contribution		N/A
Contributions in relation to the actuarially-determined contribution		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)		N/A
Employer's covered payroll	\$	_
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%

There is no actuarially-determined contribution or employer contribution in relation to actuariallydetermined contribution, as there is no Trust that exist for funding the OPEB liabilities.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE 1

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS		General State Aid	Educational Services Division Local Operations		Attendance and Truancy Division		gional Safe Schools	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$	188,989 11,735 -	\$	159,426 856,145 492	\$	4,200	\$ 97,364 - -	\$ 449,979 867,880 492
TOTAL ASSETS		200,724		1,016,063		4,200	 97,364	 1,318,351
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	ES							
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other governments Total liabilities		64,397 		24,119 - 24,119			 97,305 97,305	 88,516 97,305 185,821
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances		59,710 76,617 136,327		492 - 991,452 991,944	·	4,200	 - 59 59	 492 63,910 1,068,128 1,132,530
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	200,724	\$	1,016,063	\$	4,200	\$ 97,364	\$ 1,318,351

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General State Aid	S Divi	ucational Services ision Local perations	Attendance and Truancy Division		Regional Safe Schools	Total
REVENUES							
State sources	\$ 3,087,659	\$	-	\$ -	\$	440,264	\$ 3,527,923
Local sources:							
Intergovernmental	60,000		162,449	540		-	222,989
On-behalf payments	 950,196		-	-		-	 950,196
Total revenues	 4,097,855		162,449	540		440,264	4,701,108
EXPENDITURES							
Instructional Services:							
Salaries	212,205		72,395	640		215,898	501,138
Employee benefits	61,726		27,404	49		126,481	215,660
Pension expense	725		-	-		-	725
OPEB expense	1,477		946	-		-	2,423
Purchased services	41,824		66,669	-		37,158	145,651
Supplies and materials	5,059		836	860		3,083	9,838
Miscellaneous	5,151		800	1,731		-	7,682
On-behalf payments	950,196		-	-		-	950,196
Intergovernmental:							
Payment to other governments	2,929,940		-	-		57,585	2,987,525
Total expenditures	 4,208,303		169,050	3,280		440,205	4,820,838
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(110,448)		(6,601)	(2,740))	59	(119,730)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in, net	177,680		-	1,000		-	178,680
Repayment of long-term lease payable	-		(16,845)	-		-	(16,845)
Interest expense	-		(1,071)	-		-	 (1,071)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 177,680		(17,916)	1,000		-	 160,764
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	67,232		(24,517)	(1,740))	59	41,034
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 69,095		1,016,461	5,940			 1,091,496
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 136,327	\$	991,944	\$ 4,200	\$	59	\$ 1,132,530

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2018

	Read F	itle I - ling First 'art B A Funds	Regional Safe Schools	Al	Truants Iternative/ Optional Education	McKinney Education for Homeless Children	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	663	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,453
Due from other funds		-	61,781		-		-
Due from other governments Prepaid expenses		-	3,776		21,590		-
					······································		
TOTAL ASSETS		663	65,557		21,590		11,453
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-	-		10,634		-
Due to other funds		-	11,735		29,703		-
Due to other governments Total liabilities		-	53,822		40,337		
rotal habilities		-	05,557		40,557		
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		-	30,888		10,795		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
Nonspendable		-	3,776		-		-
Restricted		663	-		-		11,453
Unassigned		-	(34,664		(29,542)		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		663	(30,888)	(29,542)		11,453
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	<i>•</i>			¢	21 5 00	ф.	11.450
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	663	\$ 65,557	\$	21,590	\$	11,453

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2018

Teacher Principal Juvenile Mentoring Mentoring **ROE/ISC** Detention Program Program Operations ASSETS 2,302,932 \$ - \$ Cash and cash equivalents \$ 22.290 \$ 28,400 Due from other funds 29,945 Due from other governments 252,373 2,146 Prepaid expenses --_ TOTAL ASSETS 2,585,250 22,290 30,546 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES** LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 32,426 Due to other funds 242 Due to other governments 75,140 Total liabilities 75,140 242 32,426 -**DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Unavailable revenue _ FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable Restricted 2.510.110 22,290 _ Unassigned (242)(1,880)Total fund balances (deficit) 2,510,110 22.290 (1,880)(242)TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS

2,585,250 \$

- \$

22,290 \$

30,546

\$

OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2018

SCHEDULE 3 (CONTINUED)

ASSETS	 EFAST Pilot Program	Title II - Teacher Quality Leadership	Soaring with SAVE	Total	<u>l</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,716	\$	- \$ 605	\$ 2,	,368,059
Due from other funds Due from other governments	-				29,945 337,890
Prepaid expenses	-				3,776
TOTAL ASSETS	 1,716		- 605	2,	,739,670
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	-				43,060
Due to other funds	-				41,680
Due to other governments Total liabilities	 -	·			128,962 213,702
	 				213,702
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	 -		- <u> </u>		41,683
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Nonspendable	-				3,776
Restricted	1,716		- 605	2,	,546,837
Unassigned	 -				(66,328)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 1,716		- 605	2,	,484,285
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,716	\$	- \$ 605	\$ 2,	,739,670

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Title I - Reading First Part B SEA Funds	Regional Safe Schools	Truants Alternative/ Optional Education	McKinney Education for Homeless Children
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,400
State sources Local sources:	-	524,503	161,933	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Fees for services	-	-	-	-
Total revenues		524,503	161,933	59,400
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional services:				
Salaries	-	166,120	76,809	-
Employee benefits	-	-	17,151	-
Pension expense	-	-	183	-
OPEB expense	-	-	275	-
Purchased services	-	204,591	12,460	55,649
Supplies and materials	-	-	1,080	6,994
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Capital expenditures		- 270.711	107.059	549
Total expenditures		370,711	107,958	63,192
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	153,792	53,975	(3,792)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	-	(194,373)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(40,581)	53,975	(3,792)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	663	9,693	(83,517)	15,245
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 663	\$ (30,888)	\$ (29,542)	\$ 11,453

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Juvenile Detention	Teacher Mentoring Program	Principal Mentoring Program	ROE/ISC Operations
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State sources			-	322,663
Local sources:				
Intergovernmental	1,457,366	-	-	-
Fees for services				33,930
Total revenues	1,457,366	<u> </u>		356,593
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional services:				
Salaries	473,928		-	229,095
Employee benefits	199,888		-	60,865
Pension expense			-	34,848
OPEB expense			-	4,183
Purchased services	14,562	-	-	26,297
Supplies and materials	1,725	; -	-	1,305
Miscellaneous	13,786		-	-
Capital expenditures			-	
Total expenditures	703,889	-	-	356,593
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	753,477	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out			-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	753,477		-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,756,633	(242)	22,290	(1,880)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 2,510,110	\$ (242)	\$ 22,290	\$ (1,880)

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	EFAST Pilot Program		Title II - Teacher Quality Leadership	Soaring with SAVE	Total
REVENUES					
Federal sources	\$	- \$	12,173	\$ -	\$ 71,573
State sources		-	-	-	1,009,099
Local sources:					
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	1,457,366
Fees for services		-	-	-	33,930
Total revenues		-	12,173		2,571,968
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional services:					
Salaries		-	-	-	945,952
Employee benefits		-	-	-	277,904
Pension expense		-	-	-	35,031
OPEB expense		-	-	-	4,458
Purchased services		-	12,173	-	325,732
Supplies and materials		-	-	-	11,104
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	13,786
Capital expenditures		-	-		549
Total expenditures		-	12,173	-	1,614,516
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-	-	-	957,452
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out			-		(194,373)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-	-	763,079
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,7	/16	-	605	1,721,206
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 1,7	/16 \$		\$ 605	\$ 2,484,285

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018]	Regional S	afe Schools			Truants Alternative/Optional Education						
	Budget	ed Amoun	0	Actual	Variance with		Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with			
	Original	F	'inal	Amounts	Final Budget		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget			
REVENUES													
Federal sources	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 5	5 -	\$ -	\$ -			
State sources	370,71	1	370,711	524,503	153,792		107,958	107,958	161,933	53,975			
Local sources:													
Fees for services		-	-	-	-		-	-	-				
Total revenues	370,71	1	370,711	524,503	153,792		107,958	107,958	161,933	53,975			
EXPENDITURES													
Instructional Services:													
Salaries		-	-	166,120	(166,120)	76,069	76,069	76,809	(740)			
Employee benefits		-	-	-	-		20,663	18,869	17,151	1,718			
Pension expense		-	-	-	-		-	-	183	(183)			
OPEB expense		-	-	-	-		-	-	275	(275)			
Purchased services	134,70	2	134,702	204,591	(69,889)	10,404	12,198	12,460	(262)			
Supplies and materials		-	-	-	-		822	822	1,080	(258)			
Intergovernmental:													
Payment to other governments	236,00	9	236,009	-	236,009		-	-	-	-			
Capital expenditures		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	370,71	1	370,711	370,711	-		107,958	107,958	107,958				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF													
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	- \$	-	153,792	\$ 153,792	\$	- 5	\$ -	53,975	\$ 53,975			
OTHER FINANCING USES													
Transfers out				(194,373)				-	-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES				(40,581)					53,975				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR				9,693				-	(83,517)				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR				\$ (30,888)				=	\$ (29,542)				

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018		McKi	inney Education	for H	omeless Child	ren		ROE/ISC Operations						
	B	idgeted A	mounts		Actual	Variance with	1 –	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Origi	าลโ	Final	-	Amounts	Final Budget		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget			
REVENUES														
Federal sources	\$	57,522 8	\$ 63,022	\$	59,400	\$ (3,62	2) \$	5 -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
State sources		-	-		-		-	321,754	322,663	322,663	-			
Local sources:														
Fees for services		-	-		-		-	-	-	33,930	33,930			
Total revenues	:	57,522	63,022		59,400	(3,62	2)	321,754	322,663	356,593	33,930			
EXPENDITURES														
Instructional Services:														
Salaries		-	-		-		-	229,095	229,095	229,095	-			
Employee benefits		-	-		-		-	65,966	65,966	60,865	5,101			
Pension expense		-	-		-		-	-	-	34,848	(34,848)			
OPEB expense		-	-		-		-	-	-	4,183	(4,183)			
Purchased services	:	53,969	55,594		55,649	(5	5)	26,297	26,297	26,297	-			
Supplies and materials		3,553	7,428		6,994	43	4	396	1,305	1,305	-			
Intergovernmental:														
Payment to other governments		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-			
Capital expenditures		-	-		549	(54	9)	-	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	:	57,522	63,022		63,192	(17	0)	321,754	322,663	356,593	(33,930)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF														
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	- 5	\$-	=	(3,792)	\$ (3,79	2) \$	\$	\$ -	-	\$ -			
OTHER FINANCING USES														
Transfers out					-									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES					(3,792)					-				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR					15,245					(1,880)				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR				\$	11,453					\$ (1,880)				

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 EDUCATION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE TEAK ENDED JUNE 30, 2018			Title II	- Teacher (Quali	ty Leadership					То	tal			
		Budgeted	Amour	nts	-	Actual	Variance with	_	Budgeted	Amo	unts	A	Actual	Varian	ce with
	Or	iginal]	Final		Amounts	Final Budget		Original		Final	A	mounts	Final l	Budget
REVENUES															
Federal sources	\$	12,173	\$	12,173	\$	12,173	\$ -	\$	69,695	\$	75,195	\$	71,573	\$	(3,622)
State sources		-		-		-	-		800,423		801,332		1,009,099		207,767
Local sources:															
Fees for services		-		-		-	-		-		-		33,930		33,930
Total revenues		12,173		12,173		12,173			870,118		876,527		1,114,602		238,075
EXPENDITURES															
Instructional Services:															
Salaries		-		-		-	-		305,164		305,164		472,024	(166,860)
Employee benefits		-		-		-	-		86,629		84,835		78,016		6,819
Pension expense		-		-		-	-		-		-		35,031		(35,031)
OPEB expense		-		-		-	-		-		-		4,458		(4,458)
Purchased services		12,173		12,173		12,173	-		237,545		240,964		311,170		(70,206)
Supplies and materials		-		-		-	-		4,771		9,555		9,379		176
Intergovernmental:															
Payment to other governments		-		-		-	-		236,009		236,009		-		236,009
Capital expenditures		-		-		-	-		-		-		549		(549)
Total expenditures		12,173		12,173		12,173	-		870,118		876,527		910,627		(34,100)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF															
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		203,975	\$	203,975
OTHER FINANCING USES															
Transfers out						-							(194,373)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES						-							9,602		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR													(60,459)		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR					\$							\$	(50,857)		

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

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	General Education Bus Driver Development Training		 Regional Board of School Trustees	Reading Recovery Installation Fees		Reading Recovery Operations		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	46,242 - 6,111	\$ 73,195 - 67,042	\$ 2,222	\$	56,249	\$	37,090
TOTAL ASSETS		52,353	 140,237	 2,222		56,249		37,090
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities		- - -	 930 930	 1,126 		- - - -		- - - -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)								
Restricted Unassigned		52,353	139,307	1,096		56,249		37,090
Total fund balances (deficit)		52,353	 139,307	 1,096		56,249		37,090
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	52,353	\$ 140,237	\$ 2,222	\$	56,249	\$	37,090

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

	 LearningDistributiveTechnologyInterestCenter			Attendance and Truancy Division	Educational Services Division	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 3,620 3,105	\$	- \$	54,163	\$	\$ 270,559 29,095 73,153
TOTAL ASSETS	 6,725			54,163	23,768	 372,807
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenue	2,400	4,441	- -	544	7,864 67,042	10,264 73,153 930
Total liabilities	 2,400	4,441		544	74,906	 84,347
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Restricted Unassigned	4,325	(4,441	-	53,619	- (51,138)	344,039 (55,579)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 4,325	(4,441)		53,619	(51,138)	 288,460
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 6,725	\$	\$	54,163	\$ 23,768	\$ 372,807

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Education Development		us Driver Fraining	Board of School Trustees	Recovery Installation Fees	Re	eading covery erations
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
State sources		-	4,090	-	-		-
Local sources:							
Intergovernmental		-	-	6,223	-		-
Fees for services		7,454	32,128	-	-		67,000
Interest		-	 -	 -	-		-
Total revenues		7,454	 36,218	 6,223	-		67,000
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries		-	-	-	-		10,000
Employee benefits		-	-	-	-		-
Pension expense		-	-	-	-		-
OPEB expense		-	-	-	-		-
Purchased services		7,000	12,898	5,974	-		14,258
Supplies and materials		423	1,047	-	-		2,855
Miscellaneous		34	 405	 334	-		42,260
Total expenditures		7,457	14,350	 6,308	-		69,373
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(3)	21,868	(85)	-		(2,373)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		-	 -	 -	-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(3)	21,868	(85)	-		(2,373)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR		52,356	 117,439	 1,181	56,249		39,463
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	52,353	\$ 139,307	\$ 1,096	\$ 56,249	\$	37,090

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Distributive Interest	Learning Technology Center	Attendance and Truancy Division	Educational Services Division	Total
REVENUES					
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,250	\$ 86,250
State sources	-	-	-	-	4,090
Local sources:					
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	6,223
Fees for services	13,503	-	-	-	120,085
Interest	2,149	-	-	-	2,149
Total revenues	15,652	-	-	86,250	218,797
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	-	-	-	70,744	80,744
Employee benefits	64	-	-	292	356
Pension expense	74	-	-	6,945	7,019
OPEB expense	48	-	-	-	48
Purchased services	4,430	-	2,850	6,579	53,989
Supplies and materials	3,313	-	-	13,655	21,293
Miscellaneous	6,749	-	-	-	49,782
Total expenditures	14,678	-	2,850	98,215	213,231
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	974	-	(2,850)	(11,965)	5,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	-	-	7,000	-	7,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	974	-	4,150	(11,965)	12,566
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,351	(4,441)	49,469	(39,173)	275,894
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 4,325	\$ (4,441)	\$ 53,619	\$ (51,138)	\$ 288,460

SCHEDULE 8

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	and	endance Truancy ivision	Fingerprinting Assessment			Total		
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,308	\$	105,747	\$	109,055		
Accounts receivable		-		195		195		
Prepaid expenses		-		7,860		7,860		
Total current assets		3,308		113,802		117,110		
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets, net of depreciation		-		7,472		7,472		
TOTAL ASSETS		3,308		121,274		124,582		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-	·	12		12		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		-		7,472		7,472		
Unrestricted		3,308		113,790		117,098		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,308	\$	121,262	\$	124,570		

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	and T	ndance Fruancy vision	-	erprinting sessment		Total				
OPERATING REVENUES Local sources:										
Fees for services	\$	-	\$	25,727	\$	25,727				
Total Operating revenues		-		25,727		25,727				
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Purchased services		-		14,501		14,501				
Supplies and materials		-		3,487		3,487				
Miscellaneous		-		908		908				
Capital expenditures		-		5,996		5,996				
Depreciation		-		2,515		2,515				
Total Operating Expenses		-		27,407		27,407				
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		-		(1,680)		(1,680)				
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,308		122,942		126,250				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	3,308	\$	121,262	\$	124,570				

SCHEDULE 10

LAKE COUNTY REGIONAL OFFICE OF EDUCATION NO. 34 NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Attendance and Truancy Division		Fingerprinting Assessment		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Receipts for workshops and services	\$	-	\$	25,899	\$	25,899	
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and services		-		(32,740)		(32,740)	
Net cash used in operating activities		-		(6,841)		(6,841)	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		(6,841)		(6,841)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,308		112,588		115,896	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	3,308	\$	105,747	\$	109,055	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash							
used in operating activities:							
Operating loss	\$	-	\$	(1,680)	\$	(1,680)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to							
net cash used by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		-		2,515		2,515	
Effects of changes in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		-		(195)		(195)	
Prepaid expenses		-		(7,860)		(7,860)	
Due from other governments		-		367		367	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-		12		12	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	-	\$	(6,841)	\$	(6,841)	