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OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

#### FRANK J. MAUTINO

### **SUPPLEMENTAL DIGEST TO RETIREMENT SYSTEMS' AUDITS**

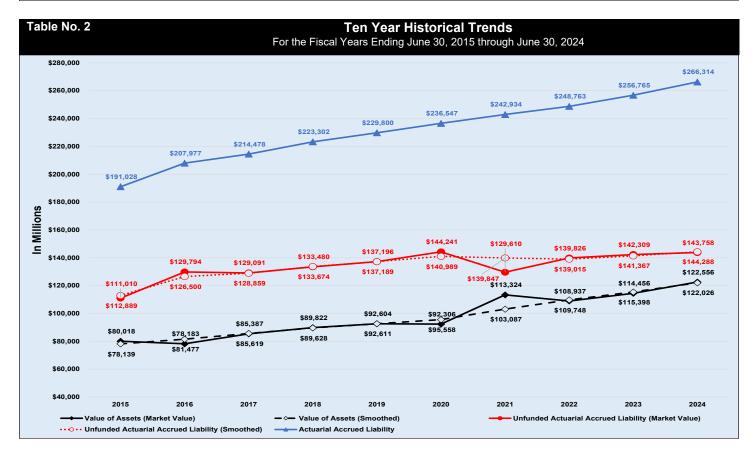
#### For the years ending June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2024

According to figures provided by the retirement systems for statutory funding purposes, the cumulative unfunded actuarial accrued liability increased \$2.9 billion to \$144.3 billion during FY24 when using the "smoothed" valuation of assets. This method "smooths" actuarial gains or losses incurred during a fiscal year in equal amounts over a five year period. When using the market value of assets, the cumulative unfunded actuarial accrued liability increased \$1.4 billion during FY24 to \$143.7 billion. The cumulative funded ratio increased from 44.6% to 46.0% in FY24 when using the market value of assets and increased 0.9% to 45.8% when using the "smoothed" valuation of assets.

Table No. 1			Unfur	nded Act	uarial Ac	crued Lia	ability an	d Funde	d Ratio fo	or Statuto	ory Fund	ling		
				F	or the Fisca	I Years En	ding June 3	30, 2023 ar	nd 2024 (in	millions)				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(a) - (c)	(b) - (d)	(a) - (e)	(b) - (f)	(c) / (a)	(d) / (b)	(e) / (a)	(f) / (b)
DETIDEMENT	Actuarial Accrued Actuarial Value of Liability Assets - Smoothed			Net Assets Valu			Liability -	Accrued	l Actuarial Liability -	Funded Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>				
RETIREMENT	Elak	Jinty	A00010 C	moothou	Val	ie.	Smo	othed	Market	t Value	Smo	othed	Market Value	
SYSTEM	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
Teachers'	\$148,398	\$154,325	\$ 66,502	\$ 70,688	\$ 66,505	\$ 71,425	\$ 81,896	\$ 83,637	\$ 81,893	\$ 82,900	44.8%	45.8%	44.8%	46.3%
State Universities	\$ 51,051	\$ 52,825	\$ 23,381	\$ 24,313	\$ 23,193	\$ 24,340	\$ 27,670	\$ 28,512	\$ 27,858	\$ 28,485	45.8%	46.0%	45.4%	46.1%
State Employees'	\$ 53,909	\$ 55,697	\$ 24,072	\$ 25,529	\$ 23,353	\$ 25,303	\$ 29,837	\$ 30,168	\$ 30,556	\$ 30,394	44.7%	45.8%	43.3%	45.4%
Judges'	\$ 3,041	\$ 3,101	\$ 1,357	\$ 1,405	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,398	\$ 1,684	\$ 1,696	\$ 1,719	\$ 1,703	44.6%	45.3%	43.5%	45.1%
General Assembly	\$ 366	\$ 366	\$ 86	\$91	\$ 83	\$ 90	\$ 280	\$ 275	\$ 283	\$ 276	23.5%	24.9%	22.7%	24.6%
TOTAL	\$256,765	\$266,314	\$115,398	\$122,026	\$114,456	\$122,556	\$141,367	\$144,288	\$142,309	\$143,758	44.9%	45.8%	44.6%	46.0%
(1) Teachers' Retirement	System's and	State Univers	ities Retireme	ent System's N	Vet Assets at	market value	only include t	hat portion of	the Net Asse	ts applicable	to the define	d		

<sup>(1)</sup> Teachers' Retirement System's and State Universities Retirement System's Net Assets at market value only include that portion of the Net Assets applicable to the defined benefit plan.

(2) Some percentages may differ from amounts reported by the retirement systems when computing for this table because of rounding



Retirement System		FY 2023				FY 2024			FY 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>				FY 2026 <sup>(2)</sup>			
		Increase (Decrease) from previous year		Total Appropriation & Debt Service		Increase (Decrease) from previous year		Total Appropriation & Debt Service		Increase (Decrease) from previous year		Required State Contribution & Debt Service		Increase (Decrease) from previous year		Required State Contribution & Debt Service
Teachers' <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	142.4	\$	6,009.2	\$	149.4	\$	6,158.6	\$	45.3	\$	6,203.9	\$	291.8	\$	6,495.7
State Universities	\$	(2.1)	\$	2,157.3	\$	14.8	\$	2,172.1	\$	44.2	\$	2,216.3	\$	106.6	\$	2,322.9
State Employees'	\$	0.9	\$	2,664.7	\$	173.1	\$	2,837.8	\$	(24.3)	\$	2,813.5	\$	(215.9)	\$	2,597.6
Judges'	\$	(8.6)	\$	147.4	\$	0.4	\$	147.8	\$	1.1	\$	148.9	\$	3.0	\$	151.9
General Assembly	\$	(0.4)	\$	28.1	\$	(1.6)	\$	26.5	\$	(0.3)	\$	26.2	\$	0.3	\$	26.5
REQUIRED STATE CONTRIBUTION	\$	132.2	\$	11,006.7	\$	336.1	\$	11,342.8	\$	66.0	\$	11,408.8	\$	185.8	\$	11,594.6
Debt Service Payments G.O. Bonds:																
Pension Series, 06/03 <sup>(5)</sup>	\$	33.9	\$	783.7	\$	56.5	\$	840.2	\$	52.0	\$	892.2	\$	23.2	\$	915.4
Taxable Series, 04/19, 05/20, 10/20, 03/21, 12/21, 06/22, 10/22, 05/23,																
12/23, 05/24 <sup>(6)</sup>	\$	23.5	\$	98.5	\$	89.7	\$	188.2	\$	40.8	\$	229.0	\$	(14.5)	\$	214.5
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE <sup>(4)(7)</sup>	\$	57.4	\$	882.2	\$	146.2	\$	1,028.4	\$	92.8	\$	1,121.2	\$	8.7	\$	1,129.9
TOTAL REQUIRED STATE																
CONTRIBUTION AND DEBT	\$	189.6	\$	11,888.9	\$	482.3	\$	12,371.2	\$	158.8	\$_	12,530.0	\$	194.5	\$	12,724.5
SERVICE				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

(1) Unaudited; Required State Contribution amounts obtained from each State retirement system's annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

(2) Unaudited; Required State Contribution amounts obtained from each State retirement system's annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

(3) Includes General Revenue Fund reimbursements appropriated for minimum benefits paid under 40 ILCS 5/16-186.3 that are not part of the continuing appropriation.

(4) Unaudited, summary of debt service payments.

(5) Pursuant to the Pension Code, the effect of the allocation of the net proceeds and the State's debt service payments on the \$10.0 billion 2003 Pension Funding Series/June 2003 bonds are taken into consideration in computing the Required State Contribution.

(6) The State issued (i) \$300 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series April 2019A, (ii) \$225 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of May 2020, (iii) \$125 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of May 2020, (iii) \$125 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of March 2021, (v) \$147.655 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of December 2021, (vi) \$148.930 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of June 2022, (vii) \$148.930 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of October 2022, (viii) \$200 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$1175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$1175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$1175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$1175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2024, to fund acclerated pension benefit payments pursuant to Section 7.7 of the General Obligation Bond Act of the State of Illinois (30 LICS 30/1 et seq). The debt service associated with these bonds dees not affect the computation of the Required State Contribution.
(7) Debt service is the obligation of the State of Illinois. FY2023 debt service includes \$424 million in principal payments. FY2024 debt service includes \$571 million in principal payments. FY2025 debt service includes \$571 million in principal payments. FY2025 debt service includes \$571 million in principal payments.

(7) Debt service is the obligation of the State of Illinois. FY2023 debt service includes \$424 million in principal payments. FY2024 debt service includes \$571 million in principal payments. FY2025 debt service includes \$681 million in principal payments. FY2026 debt service includes \$724 million in principal payments.

Table No. 4 Required State Contributions and	d D	ebt Servi	ce f	or the Ye	ars	ຣ Ended Jເ	ine	30 (unau	dite	ed) <i>(in mi</i> l	llio	ns)
Retirement System		Y 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>		Y 2026 <sup>(2)</sup>		Y 2027 <sup>(2)</sup>		Y 2028 <sup>(2)</sup>		Y 2029 <sup>(2)</sup>		Y 2030 <sup>(2)</sup>
Teachers'	\$	6,203.9	\$	6,495.7	\$	6,651.3	\$	6,883.4	\$	7,041.8	\$	7,186.0
State Universities	\$	2,216.3	\$	2,322.9	\$	2,366.7	\$	2,474.0	\$	2,544.6	\$	2,610.4
State Employees'	\$	2,813.5	\$	2,597.6	\$	2,608.6	\$	2,672.9	\$	2,706.0	\$	2,735.7
Judges'	\$	148.9	\$	151.9	\$	150.8	\$	152.0	\$	152.7	\$	152.9
General Assembly	\$	26.2	\$	26.5	\$	25.6	\$	25.1	\$	24.3	\$	24.0
REQUIRED STATE CONTRIBUTION	\$	11,408.8	\$	11,594.6	\$	11,803.0	\$	12,207.4	\$	12,469.4	\$	12,709.0
Debt Service Payments G.O. Bonds:												
Pension Series, 06/03 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	892.2	\$	915.4	\$	936.1	\$	979.2	\$	1,018.5	\$	1,079.0
Taxable Series, 04/19, 05/20, 10/20, 03/21, 12/21, 06/22, 10/22, 05/23,												
12/23, 05/24 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$	229.0	\$	214.5	\$	205.2	\$	167.5	\$	158.2	\$	120.6
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE <sup>(5)</sup>	\$	1,121.2	\$	1,129.9	\$	1,141.3	\$	1,146.7	\$	1,176.7	\$	1,199.6
TOTAL REQUIRED STATE CONTRIBUTION AND DEBT SERVICE	\$	12,530.0	<del>()</del>	12,724.5	\$	12,944.3	\$	13,354.1	\$	13,646.1	\$	13,908.6

(1) Required State Contribution amounts obtained from each State retirement system's annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

(2) Required State Contribution amounts obtained from each State retirement system's annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

(3) Pursuant to the Pension Code, the effect of the allocation of the net proceeds and the State's debt service payments on the \$10.0 billion 2003 Pension Funding Series/June 2003 bonds are taken into consideration in computing the Required State Contribution. Debt service payments began in FY2004 and are scheduled to run through FY2033.

(4) The State issued (i) \$300 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series April 2019A, (ii) \$225 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of May 2020, (iii) \$125 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of March 2021, (v) \$147.655 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of December 2021, (vi) \$125 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of June 2022, (vii) \$148.930 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of October 2022, (vii) \$125 million in General Obligation Bonds, Series of June 2022, (vii) \$148.930 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$175 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2023, (ix) \$145 million in General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series of May 2024, to fund accelerated pension benefit payments pursuant to Section 7.7 of the General Obligation Bond Act of the State of Illinois (30 ILCS 330/1 et seq). The debt service associated with these bonds does not affect the computation of the Required State Contribution. Debt service payments begin in FY2024 and are scheduled to run through FY2047.

(5) Debt service is the obligation of the State of Illinois.

### Table No. 5

# Ten Year Comparison of Contributions Received by the Systems to Annual Actuarial Determined Contributions

Combined Teachers', State Universities, State Employees', Judges' and General Assembly (in								
millions)								
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Contributions Received by	Actuarial Determined	Difference					
Fiscal feat Ending Julie 30	Systems <sup>(1)</sup>	Contributions <sup>(2)(3)(4)</sup>	Difference					
2024	\$ 11,453.2	\$ 15,785.9	\$ (4,332.7)					
2023	\$ 11,113.0	\$ 14,955.6	\$ (3,842.6)					
2022	\$ 10,973.2	\$ 14,526.4	\$ (3,553.2)					
2021	\$ 9,870.3	\$ 13,989.9	\$ (4,119.6)					
2020	\$ 9,282.8	\$ 13,409.4	\$ (4,126.6)					
2019	\$ 8,634.1	\$ 12,866.7	\$ (4,232.6)					
2018	\$ 7,872.9	\$ 11,882.3	\$ (4,009.4)					
2017	\$ 7,736.3	\$ 10,422.9	\$ (2,686.6)					
2016	\$ 7,501.9	\$ 8,551.8	\$ (1,049.9)					
2015	\$ 7,004.4	\$ 7,928.7	\$ (924.3)					
TOTAL	\$ 91,442.1	\$ 124,319.6	\$ (32,877.5)					

Notes:

(1) Summarized per retirement systems' annual financial statements. Annual amounts for this table include, as applicable, payments for: ERO contributions, federal and trust funds, excess salary contributions, and 2.2 benefit formula contributions. These items are taken into consideration in determing the retirement systems' overall total pension liability. For Teachers' and State Universities, contributions received by the systems only include that portion applicable to the defined benefit plan. Because of including or excluding the noted items, the annual amounts in this table will not agree with the "Total Appropriation & Debt Service, Required State Contribution" in Table No. 3 on page 2 of this digest.

(2) Summarized per retirement systems' annual actuarial valuations.

(3) The Actuarial Determined Contribution is a target or recommended contribution determined in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice, based on each system's actuarial assumptions for the period reported.

(4) The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 25, which required the computation of the annual required contribution for the year, calculated in accordance with each system's actuarial assumptions. The annual required contribution includes the employer's normal cost and a provision for amortizing the total unfunded actuarial liability, for a term of not more than 30 years. GASB issued Statement 67: Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, effective for Fiscal Year 2014. GASB Statement 67 removed the requirement for computing an annual required contribution as set forth in GASB Statement 25, and now requires an actuarial determined contribution as defined in Note (3).

## TIMELINE OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO PENSION LAWS

<u>Effective Date</u>	Public Act Number/Summary of Change
August 22, 1994	P.A. 88-0593: Created a 50-year funding plan designated to increase pension funding incrementally until a 90% funding level is achieved; established continuing appropriation mechanism for payment of State contributions.
June 25, 2002	P.A. 92-0566: Provided an early retirement incentive (ERI) for SERS participants retiring before 12/31/02 (4/30/03 in some cases).
April 7, 2003	P.A. 93-0002: Authorized the State to issue \$10 billion in general obligation bonds; bonds were issued 6/12/03; \$2.7 billion of the proceeds were used to pay part of FY2003 and all of FY2004 Required State Contributions, bond issuance costs and first year's interest on the bonds; balance of \$7.3 billion was allocated to the retirement systems.
	Commencing with FY2005, the maximum Required State Contribution to the systems equals the contribution that would have been required under the 50-year funding plan (P.A. 88-0593), if the general obligation bond contribution had not been made, reduced – but not below zero – by the State's debt service on the pension bonds (series June, 2003).

July 30, 2004	P.A. 93-0839: Changed the measurement and calculation of liabilities due to the ERI (see P.A. 92-0566); funding spread over a 12-year period.
June 1, 2005	P.A. 94-0004: Suspended payments required under P.A. 88-0593 for FY2006 and FY2007. Instead, fixed specific amounts for FY2006 and FY2007 contributions to retirement systems; ramps up contributions in FY2008 through FY2010 so that, by FY2011, contributions will be at an amount sufficient to meet the 90% funding level specified in P.A. 88-0593 by FY2045; beginning in FY2008, changes funding mechanism for ERI (eliminates 12-year funding mechanism provided in P.A. 93-0839).
July 15, 2009	P.A. 96-0043: Changed the measurement of the value of the systems' actuarial assets beginning in FY2009 from the market value to a smoothed value, where any actuarial gains or losses from investment return incurred in a fiscal year shall be recognized in equal amounts over a 5-year period.
	Bonds in the amount of \$3.466 billion were authorized by this Act to be used for the purpose of making a portion of the State's FY2010 required contributions to the retirement systems.
April 14, 2010	P.A. 96-0889: Created a "second tier" of benefits for future members of the retirement systems hired after December 31, 2010. Some of the changes included raising the eligibility for normal benefits to age 67 with 10 years of service, limiting the final average compensation used to compute retirement benefits and increasing the number of months used to calculate the final average compensation. Annual benefit increases of 3% compounded annually were reduced to the lesser of 3% or half the increase in the Consumer Price Index not compounded annually.
January 1, 2011	P.A. 96-1490: Clarified provisions set forth in P.A. 96-0889.
January 14, 2011	P.A. 96-1497: Authorized the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4.096 billion to be used for the purpose of making a portion of the State's FY2011 required contributions to the retirement systems.
January 27, 2011	P.A. 96-1511: Required the State retirement systems to recalculate and recertify to the Governor the amount of the Required State Contribution for FY2011 on or before April 1, 2011, applying the changes made by P.A. 96-0889 to the retirement systems assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2009, as though P.A. 96-0889 was approved on that date.
June 18, 2012	P.A. 97-0694: Directed the Auditor General to contract with or hire an actuary to serve as the State Actuary. In addition, the Act requires each State retirement system's Board of Trustees (Board) to submit to the State Actuary, the Governor and the General Assembly a proposed certification of the amount of the required State contribution to the Systems by November 1 of each year. On or before January 1 of each year the State Actuary shall issue a preliminary report concerning the proposed certification identifying, if necessary, recommended changes in actuarial assumptions that each State retirement system's Board must consider before finalizing its certification of the required State contributions. On or before January 15 of each year, each State retirement system's Board shall certify to the Governor and the General Assembly the amount of the required State contribution for the next fiscal year. The Board's certification must note any deviation from the State Actuary's recommended changes, the reason or reasons for not following the State Actuary's recommended changes on the required State contribution.
July 1, 2013	In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) approved a pair of related Statements that substantially changes the accounting and financial reporting of pensions by state and local governments and pension plans. GASB Statement No. 67, effective July 1, 2013, <i>Financial Reporting for Pension Plans</i> , addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans. GASB Statement No. 68, effective July 1, 2014, <i>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions</i> , establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pensions. The guidance contained in these GASB Statements changed how governments relate to accounting and financial reporting issues only; the Statements do not address how governments approach pension plan funding.
December 5, 2013	P.A. 98-599: The Act was signed by the Governor on December 5, 2013. The Act amended the Illinois Pension Code, with an effective date no earlier than June 1, 2014. The Act applied to all active, inactive and retired Tier I members (service before January, 2011). Tier II members were not affected.

The Act's goal was to stabilize certain retirement systems' (Teachers' Retirement System, State Employees' Retirement System, State Universities Retirement System and General Assembly Retirement System) finances and eliminate each of the noted retirement systems' unfunded liability by 2045. The Act reduced the annual pension adjustments for current and future retirees and required the skipping of a certain number of the annual pension adjustments for employees retiring on or after July 1, 2014. The number of annual adjustments to be skipped was to be based on the employee's age at the time the Act became effective. In addition, the Act capped the pensionable salary amount, increased the retirement age on a graduated scale and created funding guarantees requiring the State to make applicable contributions. The Act also reduced the employee contribution toward retirement benefits by one percentage point. On November 21, 2014, the Illinois 7th Judicial Circuit Court ruled that P.A. 98-599 was unconstitutional May 8, 2015 and void in its entirety. The State filed an appeal of the ruling directly to the State Supreme Court. On May 8, 2015, the Supreme Court affirmed the Circuit Court ruling that the law violated the pension protection clause of the Illinois Constitution and declared the law invalid. July 6, 2017 P.A. 100-0023: Created a third tier (Tier 3) of benefits for new members in SURS, excluding members who choose to participate in a self-managed plan; TRS; and for non-covered members of SERS hired after the implementation date. Non-covered members in SERS are those members who do not participate in the social security system. The effective date of this change is the "implementation date," which will be determined by each System's Board. The Tier 3 benefit is a hybrid plan that combines a reduced defined benefit plan with a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit plan reduces the benefit to 1.25% per service year compared to 2.2% for Tier 2. Annual retirement annuity increases are one-half of the increase in the Consumer Price Index-W. New members in these Systems, not otherwise excluded, will automatically be enrolled in the Tier 3 hybrid plan unless they elect to participate in Tier 2. Current members in Tier 2 can also elect to convert to the Tier 3 hybrid plan. Tier 3 hybrid plan contributions: For the defined contribution portion of the hybrid plan, employees will contribute a minimum of 4% of their salaries, and after one year of service, employers will contribute between 2%-6% of their salaries. For the defined benefit portion of the hybrid plan, the State will contribute 2% of the total payroll of new employees to the Systems for Fiscal Years 2018 through 2020. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2021, employers are responsible for this 2% contribution. Also beginning in Fiscal Year 2018, employees contribute the lesser of 6.2% or the defined benefit normal cost percentage of payroll to the System, and the employers are required to pay the defined benefit normal cost percentage of payroll to the Systems if it exceeds the maximum 6.2% employee contribution. Employers also must pay the normal cost percentage for the portion of any participant's salary that exceeds the salary of the Governor, and the amount required to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability determined as a level percentage of payroll over a 30-year rolling amortization period. In addition, the Act directs all five State Retirement Systems to smooth the effects of changes in assumptions on the State's contribution by amortizing the effect of the changes over a five-year period retroactive to 2014. The effect of this change applies beginning in Fiscal Year 2018 and thereafter. The Act also requires each of the five Systems to recalculate their Fiscal Year 2018 State contribution and report the recalculated State contribution calculation to the State Actuary by November 1, 2017, with final certification by the Boards to follow. August 25, 2017 P.A. 100-0340: Beginning July 1, 2017, payments by employers participating in the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) from special trust and federal funds will be limited to the rate equal to the employer's normal cost. In previous fiscal years, TRS employers were also required to pay a portion of the unfunded liability each fiscal year. June 4, 2018 P.A. 100-0587: Created an accelerated benefit payments option to be offered through June 30, 2021, to new annuitants and inactive vested members at a discounted cost to the State Employees' Retirement System, State Universities Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System. Authorized the State to issue \$1.0 billion in General Obligation bonds to be used for the purpose of making accelerated benefit payments offered to new annuitants and inactive vested members by the Act. Directed the Boards of the aforementioned retirement systems to recalculate and recertify their Fiscal Year 2019 State contributions on or before June 30, 2019, to account for the estimated decreases in the Fiscal Year 2019 State contributions afforded to the State by offering new annuitants and inactive vested members the accelerated pension benefit

	payments option. Effective July 1, 2018, required employers in the State Universities and Teachers' retirement systems to pay to the systems the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the portion of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average salary that were in excess of 3%. From June 1, 2005, through July 1, 2018, the employers were required to pay to the systems the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the portion of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average solary that were in excess of 3%. From June 1, 2005, through July 1, 2018, the employers were required to pay to the systems the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the portion of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average salary that were in excess of 6%.
August 10, 2018	P.A. 100-0769: Created a new optional defined contribution benefit plan for members of the State Universities and Teachers' retirement systems to be offered to participating employees as soon as practicable after the effective date of this amendatory Act. The defined contribution benefit plan shall collect optional employee/employer contributions into an account and shall offer investment options to the participants.
June 5, 2019	P.A. 101-0010: Extends the accelerated benefit options first authorized by P.A. 100-0587 (see above) from June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2024. Repealed the provisions of 100-0587 (see above) requiring employers in the State Universities and Teachers' retirement systems to pay to the systems the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the portion of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average salary that were in excess of 3%, and reinstated the requirement that employers pay to the Systems the present value of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average salary that were in excess of 3%, and reinstated the requirement that employers pay to the Systems the present value of the increase in benefits resulting from the portion of the increase in the salary of participants in the systems used to determine their final average salary that were in excess of 6% that became effective beginning June 1, 2005.
May 5, 2022	P.A. 102-0718: Extends the expiration date of the accelerated pension benefit payment programs first authorized by P.A. 100-0587 and amended by P.A. 101-0010 (see above) from June 30, 2024, to June 30, 2026. Additionally, increases the bond authorization to fund the program by an additional \$1.0 billion.