University of Illinois

Annual Financial Report Health Services Facilities System

Year Ended June 30, 2009

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*See Subsequent Events footnote #11 for additional information.

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UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

Urbana-Champaign • Chicago • Springfield

Office of Vice President/Chief Financial Officer, Comptroller 349 Henry Administration Building 506 South Wright Street Urbana, IL 61801

February 26, 2010

Holders of University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds and The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois

I am pleased to transmit the Annual Financial Report of the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This report supplements the financial statements of the University of Illinois presented in the Annual Financial Report.

The 2009 financial statements and accompanying notes appearing on pages 6 through 24 have been audited by KPMG LLP, Independent Certified Public Accountants, as special assistants to the Auditor General of the State of Illinois, whose report on the financial statements appears on page 4 and 5.

KPMG LLP will also prepare a report for the year ended June 30, 2009, containing special data requested by the Auditor General and another report covering their audit of the compliance of the University with applicable state and federal laws and regulations for the year ended June 30, 2009. These reports, which include some data related to the Health Services Facilities System, are not contained herein and are primarily for the use of the Auditor General and state and federal agencies.

Respectfully submitted,

Uator K. Kun

Walter K. Knorr, Vice President/Chief Financial Officer, Comptroller



KPMG LLP 303 East Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60601-5212

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable William G. Holland Auditor General of the State of Illinois and The Board of Trustees University of Illinois:

As Special Assistant Auditors for the Auditor General, we have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System (System), a segment of the University of Illinois, as of June 30, 2009, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note 1, the financial statements of the System are intended to present the financial position, the changes in its financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the University of Illinois that are attributable to the transactions of the System for complying with the requirements of the indentures for the System's Revenue Bonds. The financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the University of Illinois as of June 30, 2009 or the changes in its financial position or its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the System as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The System has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information that U.S. generally accepted accounting principles has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2010 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor General of the State of Illinois, the General Assembly, the Legislative Audit Commission, the Governor, the Comptroller, the Board of Trustees and the management of the University, and the bondholders and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LIP

Chicago, Illinois February 26, 2010

Assets: Current assets		
Claim on cash and on pooled investments:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	83,513,666
Restricted cash and investments, required for current liabilities		125,363
Accrued investment income		196,121
Patient receivables, net		70,863,515
Other receivables		9,568,083
Receivable from State of Illinois General Revenue Fund		6,362,556
Inventories		5,375,542
Prepaid expenses, deposits, and other assets		3,667,785
		-,,
Total current assets		179,672,631
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted cash and investments, less amount		
required for current liabilities of \$125,363		2,488,418
Capital assets, net		159,059,404
Prepaid expenses and other assets		3,827,591
		0,027,001
Total noncurrent assets		165,375,413
Total assets	\$	345,048,044
Liebilisiee		
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	¢	00.070.400
Accounts payable	\$	22,678,460
Accrued payroll		9,838,640
Accrued interest payable		125,363
Estimated third party settlements		42,003,269
Current maturities of long term liabilities		5,312,958
Current portion of accrued compensated absences		1,514,435
Total current liabilities		81,473,125
Noncurrent liabilities		
Long term debt, net of current maturities		69,523,425
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion		22,570,390
		,,
Total noncurrent liabilities		92,093,815
Total liabilities		173,566,940
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		91,205,869
		91,205,609
Restricted -		2 450 074
Expendable for capital projects		2,459,874
Expendable for debt service		28,544
Unrestricted		77,786,817
Total net assets		171,481,104
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	345,048,044
See accompanying notes to financial statements		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net patient service revenues\$ 433,647,355Fee for services - state appropriation45,982,377Other revenues41,832,691Total operating revenues521,462,423Operating expenses:521,462,423Salaries and wages264,787,436Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):0,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134Net assets, beginning of the year163,779,970	Operating revenues:	
Other revenues41,832,691Total operating revenues521,462,423Operating expenses:521,462,423Salaries and wages264,787,436Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):0n behalf payments for fringe benefitsOn behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134		\$ 433,647,355
Total operating revenues521,462,423Operating expenses: Salaries and wages264,787,436Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Fee for services - state appropriation	45,982,377
Operating expenses: Salaries and wages264,787,436Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Other revenues	41,832,691
Salaries and wages264,787,436Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):0n behalf payments for fringe benefitsOn behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Total operating revenues	521,462,423
Fringe benefits95,276,545Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Operating expenses:	
Supplies and general expenses205,656,429Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):90,161,942On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Salaries and wages	264,787,436
Administrative services12,858,661Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):90,161,942On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Fringe benefits	95,276,545
Depreciation and amortization21,087,198Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Supplies and general expenses	205,656,429
Total operating expenses599,666,269Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses):90,161,942On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Administrative services	12,858,661
Operating loss(78,203,846)Nonoperating revenues (expenses): On behalf payments for fringe benefits Net decrease in fair value of investments Interest on capital asset related debt Loss on disposal of capital assets Other nonoperating revenue90,161,942 (2,674,831) (2,674,831) (2,574,410) (328,572) Other nonoperating expenses, net (60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980 (7,701,134)	Depreciation and amortization	21,087,198
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):On behalf payments for fringe benefitsNet decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment incomeLoss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Total operating expenses	599,666,269
On behalf payments for fringe benefits90,161,942Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Operating loss	(78,203,846)
Net decrease in fair value of investments(2,674,831)Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest on capital asset related debt(2,574,410)Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	On behalf payments for fringe benefits	90,161,942
Investment income1,381,576Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Net decrease in fair value of investments	(2,674,831)
Loss on disposal of capital assets(328,572)Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Interest on capital asset related debt	(2,574,410)
Other nonoperating expenses, net(60,725)Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Investment income	1,381,576
Net nonoperating revenue85,904,980Increase in net assets7,701,134	Loss on disposal of capital assets	(328,572)
Increase in net assets 7,701,134	Other nonoperating expenses, net	(60,725)
	Net nonoperating revenue	85,904,980
Net assets, beginning of the year 163,779,970	Increase in net assets	7,701,134
	Net assets, beginning of the year	163,779,970
Net assets, end of the year\$ 171,481,104	Net assets, end of the year	\$ 171,481,104

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Cash	flo	ws	from	operating	activities:
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	•
Patient services	\$ 428,336,994
Payments to suppliers	(187,075,716)
Payments for administrative services	(12,858,661)
Payments to employees	(260,138,056)
Payments for benefits	(5,114,603)
Fee for services - state appropriations	39,619,821
Other receipts	17,626,374
Net cash provided by operating activities	20,396,153
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Other receipts	97,810
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	97,810
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchases of capital assets	(15,834,167)
Payments on debt refunding bonds	(40,875,000)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(6,138,150)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(2,544,158)
Net cash used by capital and related financing	
activities	(65,391,475)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	1,497,299
Pooled cash allocated to University to cover unrealized	
losses	(2,674,831)
Net cash used by investing activities	(1,177,532)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(46,075,044)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	132,202,491
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 86,127,447

(continued)

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:

operating activities.	
Operating loss	\$ (78,203,846)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization expense	21,087,198
Provision for uncollectible accounts	27,260,276
On behalf payments for fringe benefits	90,161,942
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Patient receivables	(32,570,637)
Other receivables	213,544
Receivable from State general revenue fund	(6,362,556)
Inventories	(605,899)
Prepaid expenses, deposits, and other assets	515,317
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,234,874
Estimated third party settlements	(4,137,635)
Accrued compensated absences	803,575

Net cash provided by operating activities

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

On behalf payments for fringe benefits	\$ 90,161,942
Capital assets transferred from the University and other sources	11,368
Capital assets acquired through capital leases	3,097,293
Capital assets transferred to other State and University sources	 (328,572)

\$ 20,396,153

See accompanying notes to financial statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organizational Background and Basis of Presentation

The University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System (System) is comprised of the University of Illinois Hospital (Hospital) and associated clinical facilities providing patient care at, but not limited to, the University of Illinois at Chicago Medical Center. The System is a tertiary care facility located primarily in Chicago, Illinois offering a full range of clinical services. The System does not include the operations of the University of Illinois' Medical Service Plans or Colleges of Medicine. Management of the System is the responsibility of the University of Illinois (University).

The System was established by a Bond Resolution (Resolution) of the Board of Trustees (Board) of the University of Illinois adopted on January 22, 1997. These financial statements have been prepared to satisfy the requirements of the 1997B and 2008 bond indentures. The financial balances and activities of the System, included in these financial statements, are included in the University's financial statements. The financial statements of the System are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The System is not a separate legal entity and therefore has not presented management's discussion and analysis.

Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Presentation and Basis of Accounting

The System prepared its financial statements as a Business Type Activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Business Type Activities are those financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

Under the accrual basis revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Advances are classified as deferred revenue.

In accordance with GASB Statement 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the System follows all applicable GASB pronouncements. In addition, the System follows all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The System has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Statement of Cash Flows details the change in the cash and cash equivalents balance for the fiscal year. Cash and all liquid investments with original maturities of ninety days or less are defined as cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices for most of the System's investments.

Changes in fair value during the reporting period are reported as a net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments.

Inventories

Inventories of pharmaceutical and other supplies are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, firstout method, or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of a gift. Depreciation of the capital assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives (three to fifty years) of the respective assets. The University's policy requires the capitalization of all land and collection purchases regardless of cost, equipment over

\$5,000, buildings and improvements over \$100,000, and infrastructure over \$1,000,000. The System does not capitalize collections of works of art or historical treasures held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than capital gain, unless they were previously capitalized as of June 30, 1999. Proceeds from the sale, exchange, or other disposal of any item belonging to a collection of works of art or historical treasures must be applied to the acquisition of additional items for the same collection.

Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences for System personnel are charged as an operating expense, using the vested method, based on earned but unused vacation and sick leave days including the System's share of Social Security and Medicare taxes. The estimated outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 was \$24,084,825. Of that liability, it is estimated that at June 30, 2009, \$8,130,651 of the accrued compensated absences liability will be paid out of State of Illinois General Revenue Fund appropriations to the System in subsequent years, rather than from current resources available at June 30, 2009.

Premiums, Issuance Costs, and Losses on Refundings

Premiums, issuance costs, and losses on refundings for the System's bonds are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue using the straight-line method.

Net Assets

The System's resources are classified into net asset categories and reported in the Statement of Net Assets. These categories are defined as (a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt balances attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets (b) Restricted nonexpendable - assets restricted by externally imposed stipulations (c) Restricted expendable - assets subject to externally imposed restrictions that can be fulfilled by actions of the System pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time and (d) Unrestricted - assets not subject to externally imposed stipulations but may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Trustees. The System first applies restricted net assets when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Classification of Revenues

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets classifies the System's fiscal year activity as operating and non-operating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing goods and services.

Certain revenue sources that the System relies on for operations including on behalf payments for fringe benefits and investment income are defined by GASB Statement No. 35 as non-operating. In addition, transactions related to capital and financing activities are components of net non-operating revenues.

Appropriations made from the State of Illinois General Revenue Fund for the benefit of the System are recognized as operating revenues to the extent expended, limited to available appropriations as they represent payments received for providing medical services. Other operating revenues of the System include reimbursement from the University for System services/facilities utilized in connection with University programs, revenues from laboratory services provided to external organizations, cafeteria/gift shop sales and other sources.

Patient Services Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts due from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates per discharge, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Approximately 96% of the Hospital's net patient service revenues were derived from Medicare, Medicaid, Blue Cross and managed care programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Accruals for settlements with third-party payors are made based on estimates of amounts to be received or paid under the terms of the respective contracts and related settlement principles and regulations of the federal Medicare program, the Illinois Medicaid program, and the Blue Cross Plan of Illinois. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets included increases in net patient service revenue of approximately \$6,629,000 related to retroactive settlements and changes in prior year third party settlement estimates.

The System provides care without charge or at amounts at less than its established rates to patients who meet the criteria of its charity care policy. Because the System does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Consideration for eligibility of charity care is based on the application of the System's charity care policy and includes patient qualification criteria, financial resource criteria and service criteria. The System does not include the unreimbursed cost of providing care to Medicaid and Medicare patients as charity care.

The net cost of charity care provided in 2009 was approximately \$12,076,000, an increase of 14% over the prior year. The net cost of charity care is determined by the total charity care cost less any patient related revenue due to the sliding scale payments or other patient specific resources. Most of the patient specific resources came from the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services 1011 program reimbursement.

The System has agreements with various Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO's) to provide medical services to subscribing participants. Under these agreements, the System receives monthly capitation payments based on the number of each HMO's participants, regardless of services actually performed by the System. In addition, the HMO's make fee-for-service payments to the System for certain covered services based upon discounted fee schedules.

The System grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of who are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2009 was as follows:

Medicare	10 %
Medicaid	22
HMO/PPO	46
Commercial	7
Self-pay & other	15
	100 %

The System provides allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable based upon management's best estimate of uncollectible accounts, considering type, age, collection history, and any other factors as considered appropriate.

Classification of Expenses

The majority of the System's expenses are exchange transactions which GASB defines as operating expenses for financial statement presentation. Nonoperating expenses include capital financing costs and costs related to investment activity.

On-behalf Payments for Retirement Benefits

In accordance with GASB No. 24, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance*, the System reported payments made by the State on behalf of the System for contributions to State group insurance and retirement programs, including postemployment benefits, for System employees and its retirees of \$90,161,942 for the year ended June 30, 2009. On behalf payments are classified as non-operating revenues and the corresponding expenses are reported in fringe benefits of the System as operating expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective for the year ended June 30, 2009, the System adopted GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, which establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for pollution remediation obligations. These obligations address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities. Implementation of the Standard requires an entity to accrue a reasonable, estimated liability in the event the entity needs to take remediation action. The implementation of this standard had no impact on the System's financial statements.

Effective for the year ending June 30, 2010, the System will adopt GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting for intangible assets. The System has not yet determined the impact on the System's financial statements as a result of adopting this statement.

Effective for the year ending June 30, 2010, the System will adopt GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, which establishes accounting and financial reporting for derivative instruments. The System has not yet determined the impact on the System's financial statements as a result of adopting this statement.

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The System has cash and certain investments which are pooled with other University funds for the purpose of securing a greater return on investment and providing an equitable distribution of investment return. Income is distributed based upon average quarterly balances invested in the pool.

Illinois Statutes govern the investment policies of the University. Allowable investments under these policies include:

- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other federal agencies, and instrumentalities
- □ Interest-bearing savings accounts and time deposits of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act
- □ Corporate bonds, stocks, and equities
- □ Commercial paper
- □ Repurchase agreements
- Mutual funds

Illinois Statutes require a third party custodian to perfect the University's security interest under repurchase agreements. The University follows industry standards and requires that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a fair value of at least 102% of the cost of the repurchase agreement. At June 30, 2009, the System had no repurchase agreements.

Nearly all of the University's investments are managed by external professional investment managers, who have full discretion to manage their portfolios subject to investment policy and manager guidelines established by the University, and in the case of mutual funds and other commingled vehicles, in accordance with the applicable prospectus.

The Board develops University policy on investments and delegates the execution of those policies to its administrative agents. The University follows the State of Illinois Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act when investing its endowment funds. The State of Illinois Public Funds Investment Act provides the context and framework for other investments.

The following details the carrying value of the System's restricted cash and investments as of June 30, 2009:

Mutual Funds - Money Market	\$ 44,570
Consolidated Investment Pool	 2,569,211
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 2,613,781

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The University employs multiple investment managers, of which each has specific maturity assignments related to the operating funds. The funds are structured with different layers of liquidity. Funds expected to be used within one year are invested in money market instruments. Core operating funds are invested in longer maturity investments. Core operating funds investment manager's performance benchmarks are Barclays 1-3 year Government Credit Bond Index and the Barclays Capital Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index. The University's manager guidelines provide that the average weighted duration of the portfolio, including option positions, not vary from that of their respective performance benchmarks by more than +/-20 percent. At June 30, 2009, all of the System's restricted cash and investments had maturities less than one year.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested in fixed income securities and money market instruments. Fixed income securities shall be rated investment grade or better by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Securities not covered by the investment grade standard are allowed if, in the manager's judgment, those instruments are of comparable credit quality. Securities which fall below the stated minimum credit requirements subsequent to initial purchase may be held at the manager's discretion. It is expected that the average credit quality of the operating funds will not fall below Standard & Poor's AA- or equivalent. At June 30, 2009, all of the System's restricted cash and investments carried an AAA quality rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the University will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Exposure to custodial credit risk relates to investment securities that are held by someone other than the University and are not registered in the University's name. The University investment policy does not limit the value of investments that may be held by an outside party. At June 30, 2009, the University's investments and deposits had no custodial credit risk exposure.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the University's investment in a single issuer. The University's policy provides that the total operating funds portfolio will be broadly diversified across securities in a manner that is consistent with fiduciary standards of diversification. This diversification is achieved by employing multiple investment managers and imposing maximum position limits for each manager. The University's manager guidelines for operating investments provide that non-U.S. government obligations (other national governments) may not exceed 10% per issuer and private mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may not exceed 10% per issuer (unless collateral is credit independent of the issuer and the security's credit enhancement is generated internally, in which case the limit is 25% per issuer). Obligations with other issuers, other than the U.S. government, U.S. agencies, or U.S. government sponsored corporations and agencies, may not exceed 5%. As of June 30, 2009, except for two issuers, not more than 5% of the University's total investment pools or other pooled investments. The University held securities of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company and Federal Home Loan Bank that represented approximately 5.3% and 5.9% of the University's total investments.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The University does not have an overarching policy related to foreign currency risk; however, under the investment manager's guidelines, the portfolio's foreign currency exposure may be unhedged or hedged back into U.S. dollars. Cross hedging is not permitted. The University's operating fund investments generally are not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Securities Lending: To enhance the return on investments, the Board of Trustees of the University has authorized participation in a securities lending program. Through its custodian bank, Northern Trust, the University loans securities to independent third parties. Such loans are secured by collateral consisting of cash, cash equivalents or U.S. Government securities and irrevocable bank letters of credit in an amount not less than 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. Noncash collateral cannot be pledged or sold by the University unless the borrower defaults. Cash collateral is invested by Northern Trust in a short-term investment pool. As of June 30, 2009, the short-term investment pool has a weighted average maturity of fifteen days. The University receives interest and dividends during the loan period as well as a fee from the custodian. Marking to market is performed every business day and the borrower is required to deliver additional collateral when necessary so that the total collateral held by the custodian will equal at least the fair value plus accrued interest of the borrowed securities. All security loans can be terminated on demand by either the University or the borrowers. The University's pro rata share of cash received as securities lending collateral was approximately \$106,229,000 at June 30, 2009, and is recorded as an asset and corresponding liability on the University's Statement of Net Assets. As of June 30, 2009, approximately \$103,910,000 of the investments reported on the University's Statement of Net Assets was on loan, secured by

collateral with a fair value of approximately \$106,534,000. At June 30, 2009, the University has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the University owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the University. However, due to an impairment of the short-term investment pool of cash collateral, the University has an exposure of \$1,244,000, which has been recorded as an unrealized loss on investments in the University's financial statements. The System does not directly participate in this securities lending program, and hence, no amounts have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements related to securities lending transactions.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 is summarized as follows:

		(Capital Assets				
	 Beginning Balance		Additions	Retirements	Transfers		Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$ 770,917	\$		\$		\$	770,917
Construction in process	 1,272,727		4,108,464		(1,791,622	2)	3,589,569
Total nondepreciable capital assets	 2,043,644		4,108,464	-	(1,791,622	2)	4,360,486
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings	178,702,260				1,826,322	2	180,528,582
Leasehold improvements	2,211,911				(34,700))	2,177,211
Equipment	146,473,960		13,293,260	(3,351,166)	(633,365	5)	155,782,689
Software	 19,660,700		1,541,103				21,201,803
Total depreciable capital assets	 347,048,831		14,834,363	(3,351,166)	1,158,257	7	359,690,285
Less; accumulated depreciation							
Buildings	67,248,228		4,735,531				71,983,759
Leasehold improvements	753,527		262,922				1,016,449
Equipment	107,832,098		13,399,060	(3,022,594)	(633,365	5)	117,575,199
Softw are	11,751,962		2,663,998				14,415,960
Total accumulated depreciation	 187,585,815		21,061,511	(3,022,594)	(633,365	5)	204,991,367
Total net depreciable capital assets	 159,463,016		(6,227,148)	(328,572)	1,791,622	2	154,698,918
Total capital assets	\$ 161,506,660	\$	(2,118,684)	\$ (328,572)	\$-	- \$	159,059,404

NOTE 4 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

During fiscal year 1997, Health Services Facilities System Bonds Series 1997B were issued for \$25,000,000. Series 1997B Bonds are variable rate bonds which bear interest at a rate determined weekly and paid monthly.

On June 26, 2008 the University issued \$41,215,000 Variable Rate Demand Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. Proceeds from the bonds funded the redemption of the Variable Rate Demand Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 on July 28, 2008 and paid costs incidental to the issuance of the bonds. The difference between the reacquisition price and net carrying amount of the old debt, loss on refunding was \$3,134,000. This loss is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Costs associated with the issuance of the bonds have been recorded as prepaid expense and are being amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization was \$25,686 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Long term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

Series	Yield on Outstanding Debt	Maturity Dates		Beginning Balance	Additions	I	Deductions	Ending Balance	 Current Portion
Bonds F	Payable								
1997B	Variable	2009-2027	\$	20,100,000		\$	700,000	\$ 19,400,000	\$ 800,000
2007	Variable	2009		40,875,000			40,875,000	-	
2008	Variable	2011-2027		41,215,000			-	41,215,000	
				102,190,000	-		41,575,000	60,615,000	800,000
Unamor	tized Deferred Loss or	n Refunding		(2,531,378)	169,903		612,986	(2,974,461)	(172,433)
Unamor	tized Deferred Credit of	on Swap		-	3,664,881		-	3,664,881	 212,457
	Total Bonds Payable			99,658,622	3,834,784		42,187,986	61,305,420	 840,024
Other O	bligations		_	17,179,927	259,437		4,192,155	13,247,209	4,189,180
Internal	Financing Payable			1,529,749			1,245,995	283,754	283,754
	Total long term debt			118,368,298	4,094,221		47,626,136	74,836,383	 5,312,958
Comper	nsated Absences			23,281,250	2,136,223		1,332,648	24,084,825	 1,514,435
Total Lo	ng Term Obligations		\$	141,649,548 \$	6,230,444	\$	48,958,784	\$ 98,921,208	\$ 6,827,393

Long Term Obligations

The bonds do not constitute obligations of the State of Illinois. Bond principal and interest payments are funded from revenues pledged from (a) Net system revenues, principally consisting of all charges, income and revenues received from the continued use and operation of the System, excluding depreciation charges and transfers, (b) Medical Service Plan (MSP) revenues net of bad debt expense, and (c) College of Medicine tuition revenue. These revenues for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

System net revenues	\$ 17,033,906
Adjusted MSP revenues	163,705,447
College of Medicine student tuition	38,525,419
Total	\$219,264,772

The table below shows the amount of revenues pledged for future principal and interest payments on the bonds:

PLEDGED REVENUES								
BOND ISSUE(S)	PURPOSE	SOURCE OF REVENUE PLEDGED	FUTURE REVENUES PLEDGED ¹	TERM OF COMMITMENT	DEBT SERVICE TO PLEDGED REVENUES (CURRENT YEAR)			
HEALTH SERVICES FACILITIES SYSTEM (HSFS)	Refunding	Net HSFS , Medical Service Plan revenue net of bad debt expense, College of Medicine net tuition revenue	77,040,760	2027	1.16%			
¹ Textel future a size size of social inte								

¹Total future principal and interest payments on debt

The resolution authorizing the University of Illinois Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds provides for the establishment of separate funds as follows: Revenue Fund, Project Fund, Repair and Replacement Reserve, Equipment Reserve, Bond and Interest Sinking Fund, and Development Reserve. All income and revenues received from the continued use and operation of the System, as provided for by the Bond Resolution, are to be deposited in the Revenue Fund and used to pay necessary operation and maintenance expenses of the System. The Bond Resolution also requires transfers to funds as follows:

Project Fund - at the discretion of the University Comptroller, amounts not needed to complete construction and renovation projects specified in the Bond Resolution are required to be transferred either to the Repair and Replacement Reserve or to the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund.

Repair and Replacement Reserve - an amount calculated as specified in the Bond Resolution to provide for the cost of unusual maintenance and repairs.

Equipment Reserve - an amount approved by the Board for the acquisition of movable equipment to be installed in the facilities constituting the System. The reserve may not exceed 20% of the book value of the movable equipment of the System.

Bond and Interest Sinking Fund - amounts transferred into the Bond and Interest Sinking Fund sufficient to pay principal and interest as it becomes due on the outstanding bonds.

Development Reserve - an amount approved by the Board for System development. No transfers were authorized by the Board during the year ended June 30, 2009, and there were no balances in the reserve at June 30, 2009.

The System made all required transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009.

After fulfillment of the provisions described above, the surplus, if any, remaining in the Revenue Fund may be used at the Board's option (a) to redeem bonds of the System which are subject to early redemption, (b) to improve or add facilities to the System, or (c) for any other lawful purpose.

Assets restricted by bond resolution were held for the following purposes at June 30, 2009:

Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,613,781
Total	\$ 2,613,781
Purpose:	
Repair and replacement reserve	2,459,875
Bond and interest sinking fund	153,906
Total assets limited as to use	2,613,781
Less amounts required for current liabilities	(125,363)
Total	\$ 2,488,418

Health Services Facilities System Variable Rate Debt and Interest Rate Swap Agreement

Demand Provisions

The System's bonds mature serially through October 2026. These bonds have variable interest rates that are adjusted periodically (i.e. daily, weekly, or monthly), generally with interest paid at the beginning of each month. The bonds are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on seven days notice and delivery to the University's several remarketing agents. The University pays the remarketing agent fees on the outstanding bond balance. If the remarketing agent is unable to resell any bonds that are "put" to the agent, the University has a standby bond purchase agreement with a liquidity facility entity. The University has several such agreements, with the fees on the Bond Purchase Commitment (formula based on outstanding bonds plus pro-forma interest). The University, in the event a liquidity facility is utilized, has reimbursement agreements with different financial entities. Generally the payback period is five to seven years, at an interest rate initially set at slightly above prime or the federal funds rate. The required future interest payments for these variable rate bonds have been calculated using the current interest rate, based upon short term tax exempt rates, or the synthetic fixed rate, as illustrated in the table below.

VARIABLE RATE BONDS AT JUNE 30, 2009

	Interest Rate	Remarketing			Liquidity Facility		_
Bond Issues	at June 30, 2009	Agent	Remarketing Fee	Bank	Expiration	Insurer	Liquidity Fee
HSFS, Series 1997B	0.45%	JPMorgan Securites	0.070%	HELABA LOC	12/31/2015	HELABA LOC	0.70%
HSFS, Series 2008	0.30%	Goldman	0.070%	JPMorgan Chase LOC	6/24/2011	JPMorgan Chase LOC	0.60%

Interest Rate Swap Agreement

On April 2, 2007, the University entered into a variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreement with Lehman Brothers Commercial Bank (LBCB). The purpose of this interest rate swap was to hedge variable rate demand Health Services Facility System revenue refunding bonds issued in July 2007. The notional amount of the interest rate swap was \$40,875,000. The University makes monthly payments to the counterparty equal to 3.534% times the notional amount and receives monthly payments from the counterparty equal to 68% of one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), which commenced October 1, 2007. This interest rate swap agreement with LBCB transferred to the Series 2008 bonds on July 28, 2008. \$340,000 of the HSFS Series 2008 bond is not covered by this agreement. Total net payments made by the University under the swap agreement totaled \$363,121 in 2009, which is included within interest on capital asset related debt in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

In September 2008, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. (LBHI), the parent of LBCB filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the bankruptcy code. This caused an event of default under the interest rate swap agreement dated April 2, 2007 by and between LBCB and the University. The University entered into a novation agreement which terminated the swap with LBCB and entered into a new interest rate swap agreement with a different counterparty with the same terms and conditions that were present in the April 2, 2007 agreement. On November 19, 2008, LBHI managed the bidding process for the interest rate swap. Loop Financial Products (Loop) won the bid at \$3.099 million, plus \$100,000 to reimburse the University for expenses incurred. The transaction closed on December 2, 2008 with Loop paying \$3.099 million to LBCB and \$100,000 to the University. The University's expenses related to this transaction only included legal counsel and financial advisory services.

The University engaged a third-party consultant to calculate the "mark to market" or "market value" of the swap transaction. On June 30, 2009, the mark to market value of the swap was (3,755,000). Due to the event of default and swap transaction aforementioned, (3,664,881) of this amount is recorded in prepaid expenses and long term debt on the Statement of Net Assets. This amount represents the mark to market value of the swap at the date the transaction was negotiated between LBCB and Loop.

The University has the option to terminate the swap early. The University or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The University may terminate the swap if both credit ratings of the counterparty fall below BBB+ as issued by Standard & Poor's and Baa1 as issued by Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2009, the counterparty credit rating by Standard & Poor's was A and by Moody's Investors Service was Aa1. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the University would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Debt Service Requirements

Future debt service requirements for the Series 1997B and 2008 Bonds at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest		
2010	\$ 800,000	\$	1,530,442	
2011	800,000		1,526,843	
2012	1,935,000		1,496,718	
2013	2,890,000		1,430,938	
2014	3,005,000		1,353,421	
2015-2019	16,830,000		5,502,861	
2020-2024	20,260,000		3,090,483	
2025-2027	 14,095,000		494,054	
Total Debt Service	\$ 60,615,000	\$	16,425,760	
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	 (2,974,461)			
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 57,640,539			

The required debt service for the variable rate Series 1997B and 2008 Bonds has been calculated using the current interest rate of 0.45% and 0.30% respectively, over the remaining life of the bonds.

Using the actual rate in effect as of June 30, 2009 (0.30% for Series 2008), debt service requirements of the variablerate debt and net-swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net-swap payments will also vary.

Variable-Rate Debt Service Requirements									
(in thousands)									
	Variable	Rate Cer	tificates	Interest Rate	ł				
	Principal		Interest	Sw aps, Net		Total			
2010	\$	- \$	123,645	\$ 1,321,898	3 \$	1,445,543			
2011		-	123,645	1,321,898	3	1,445,543			
2012	1,135,00	00	121,375	1,297,643	3	2,554,018			
2013	2,090,00	00	116,060	1,240,778	3	3,446,838			
2014	2,105,00	00	109,760	1,173,45	7	3,388,217			
2015-2019	11,830,00	00	446,170	4,770,63	5	17,046,805			
2020-2024	14,160,00	00	250,575	2,679,100	C	17,089,675			
2024-2027	9,895,00	00	16,985	450,95	7	10,362,942			
TOTAL	\$ 41,215,00	00 \$	1,308,215	\$ 14,256,366	6 \$	56,779,581			

Health Services Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008

NOTE 5 - LEASES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2009, the System had outstanding debt to the University of Illinois relating to certain building renovation projects completed during the past fiscal years. The agreement between the System and the University of Illinois requires annual payments including interest at a variable rate which was 4.5% at June 30, 2009. Aggregate annual maturities as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest		
2010	\$ 283,754	\$	12,769	
Total	\$ 283,754	\$	12,769	

Other obligations consist of third party financing arrangements for equipment which have maturity dates from 2010 through 2015 and interest rates ranging from 0.16% to 4.25%. As of June 30, 2009, future minimum payments under other obligations are as follows:

	Principal		Interest	
2010	\$	4,189,180	\$ 552,729	
2011		4,065,491	340,599	
2012		1,593,631	192,709	
2013		1,580,040	131,407	
2014		1,582,882	70,254	
2015		235,985	9,139	
Total minimum payments	\$	13,247,209	\$1,296,837	

The System leases various buildings and equipment under operating lease agreements, including leases renewed on an annual basis. Total rental expense under these agreements was \$248,079 for the year ended June 30, 2009. The future minimum lease payments under operating leases (excluding those leases renewed on an annual basis) are as follows:

2010 30,320 \$

Total Minimum Lease Payments \$ 30,320

NOTE 6 - PATIENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Patient accounts receivable and accounts payable and other current liabilities, reported as current assets and liabilities, consisted of the following amounts:

Patient accounts receivable				
Patients and their insurance carriers		216,538,372		
Medicare		33,088,668		
Medicaid		71,317,793		
Total		320,944,833		
Less: allow ance for uncollectible accounts		(250,081,318)		
Total patient accounts receivable, net	\$	70,863,515		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$			
Payable to employees		9,838,640		
Payable to suppliers and service providers		18,069,131		
Payable to health plans and for w orkers' compensation claims		4,609,329		
Estimated third party settlements		42,003,269		
Total accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	74,520,369		

NOTE 7 - NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUES

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at established program rates or costs, as defined, for rendering services to program beneficiaries. The Hospital provides contractual allowances on a current basis for the differences between charges for services rendered and the expected payments under these programs. The patient revenues from third-party payor programs, less the contractual allowances and provision for uncollectible accounts for fiscal year 2009, are as follows:

Medicaid	\$ 440,776,816
Medicare	355,517,119
HMO / PPO	509,452,339
Commercial	44,922,445
Self-pay & other	61,897,506
Total gross revenue	1,412,566,225
Less:	
Contractual allow ances	(951,658,594)
Provision for uncollectible accounts	(27,260,276)
Net Patient Revenue	\$ 433,647,355

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payor follows:

Medicare - Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Inpatient skilled nursing services are paid at prospectively determined rates that are based on the patients' acuity. Other inpatient non-acute services, and defined medical education costs related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Hospital is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. Substantially all outpatient services are subject to a prospective payment system. Under this system, payments to the Hospital are based on a predetermined package rate based on services provided to patients. The System is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. At June 30, 2009 all Medicare settlements for 2009, 2008, and 2007 are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment.

Medicaid - Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates-per-discharge. Outpatient services rendered to program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined rates.

Blue Cross - Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Blue Cross subscribers are reimbursed under a cost reimbursement methodology. The System is reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the System and audits by Blue Cross. At June 30, 2009, the Blue Cross settlements for 2009 and 2008 are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment.

The System also has payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates-per-discharge, discounts from established charges, prospectively determined daily rates, and captivated per member per month rates.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Retirement Benefits

Substantially all employees of the System participate in the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois (SURS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The University contributes to the plan with a special funding situation whereby the State of Illinois makes substantially all actuarially determined required contributions on behalf of the participating employers. The University contributions include payments for System employees covered under the plan.

SURS was established July 21, 1941 to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for staff members and employees of the State universities, certain affiliated organizations, and certain other State educational and scientific agencies and for survivors, dependents, and other beneficiaries of such employees. SURS is considered a component unit of the State of Illinois' financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. SURS is governed by Section 5/15, Chapter 40, of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*. SURS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by accessing the website at www.surs.org, or by calling 1-800-275-7877.

Eligible employees must participate upon initial employment. Employees are ineligible to participate if (a) employed after having attained age 68; (b) employed less than 50 percent of full-time; or (c) employed less than full-time and attending classes with an employer. Of those University employees ineligible to participate, the majority are students at the University.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and substantially all employer contributions are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the individual employers at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 18.61% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The University's contributions to SURS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007, were \$219,441,000, \$174,318,000, and \$138,499,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The calculated allocation of these contributions that relate to the System was approximately \$36,054,000 for the year ended June 30, 2009, and are reflected within the accompanying financial statements as fringe benefits expense.

Postemployment Benefits

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (Act), as amended, authorizes the State to provide health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. Substantially all State and university component unit employees become eligible for these other postemployment benefits (OPEB) if they eventually become annuitants of one of the State sponsored pension plans. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services and the Department of Central Management Services administer these benefits for annuitants with the assistance of the State's sponsored pension plans. The portions of the Act related to OPEB establishes a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan (plan) with a special funding situation in which the State funds substantially all nonparticipant contributions. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report but is included as a part of the State's financial statements. A copy of the financial statements of the State can be obtained at <u>www.ioc.state.il.us</u>.

The health, dental, and vision benefits provided to and contribution amounts required from annuitants are the result of collective bargaining agreements between the State and various unions. These unions represent the State's and the university's employees in accordance with limitations established in the Act. Therefore, the benefits provided and contribution amounts are subject to periodic change. The Act requires the State to provide life insurance benefits for annuitants equal to their annual salary as of the last day of employment until age 60, at which time the benefit amount becomes \$5,000. The State makes substantially all of the contributions for OPEB on-behalf of the State universities. Because the State contributes substantially all of the employer contributions, the single-employer provisions of GASB Statement No. 45 have been followed for reporting the plan. The State is not required to and does not fund the plan other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide the current benefits.

Annuitants may be required to contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits with the amount based on factors such as date of retirement, years of credited service with the State or a university, whether the annuitant is covered by Medicare, and whether the annuitant has chosen a managed health care plan. Annuitants who retired prior to January 1, 1998, and who are vested in one of the State's sponsored pension plans do not contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits. For annuitants who retired on or after January 1, 1998, the annuitant's contribution amount is reduced five percent for each year of credited service with the State allowing those annuitants with twenty or more years of credited service to not have to contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits. For fiscal year 2009, the annual cost of health, dental, and vision benefits before the State's contribution was \$6,222 (\$2,383 if Medicare eligible) if the annuitant chose benefits provided by a health maintenance organization (HMO) and \$9,390 (\$2,371 if Medicare eligible) if the annuitant chose other benefits. Additional contributions by annuitants for dependents ranging from \$984 to \$2,712 (\$924 to \$2,436 if Medicare eligible) are also required depending on the benefits selected and whether there is one or multiple dependents.

For current employees, contributions are dependent upon annual salary and whether or not the employee chooses to receive benefits through an HMO. Current employee contribution amounts to the plan for fiscal year 2009 are shown as follows:

Requirements						
	Benefits Provided Through					
Employee Annual Salary	HMO		Others			
\$29,500 and below	\$	546	\$	846		
\$29,501 - \$44,600		606		906		
\$44,601 - \$59,300		636		936		
\$59,301 - \$74,300		666		966		
\$74,301 and above	\$	696	\$	996		

Annual Employee Health Dental and Vision Contribution

Additional contributions by employees for dependents ranging from \$840 to \$2,568 (\$780 to \$2,292 if Medicare eligible) are also required depending on the benefits selected and whether there is one or multiple dependents.

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The University charged the System for administrative and other services totaling \$12,858,661 in 2009, based upon the gross expenditures and debt service transfers of various operations of the System. These charges represent a portion of the estimated administrative and other service costs incurred by the University in support of the System. An additional \$20,797,543 was paid by the University on behalf of the System for salaries, utility costs, and medical malpractice insurance for the year ended June 30, 2009, in exchange for System services and facilities provided, and are recognized as operating expenses (salaries and general) and operating revenues.

Most health care services rendered by physicians at the University are charged, billed and collected through the Medical Service Plan (MSP). For ambulatory care services, there is a charge for both a professional and technical component. The System bills and collects on behalf of the MSP for the professional component of ambulatory care services. Based on the underlying agreements between the MSP and the University, the System remits funds collected to the MSP. Total MSP remittances from the System for the year ended June 30, 2009 relating to the billing and collection of physician fees and the delivery of ambulatory care were \$13,821,343.

During 2009, various departments within the College of Medicine agreed to reimburse the System for a portion of the expenses related to the resident and fellowship training program. This reimbursement, which totaled \$2,635,792, has been reflected in the financial statements as a reduction of the related expenses.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The University (including the System) is involved in regulatory audits arising in the normal course of business. On June 8, 2007, a notice was received from the Office of Inspector General on behalf of the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS) indicating that the University received an overpayment of \$14.8 million on behalf of Medicaid patients, of which \$10 million and \$4.8 million related to the University's College of Pharmacy and the System, respectively. University management is in the process of contesting this overpayment and estimates the System's portion of the probable liability related to this overpayment is approximately \$3.3 million, which was reflected in the System's financial position and results from operations as of June 30, 2008. During fiscal year 2008, the University submitted additional documentation and evidence of its positions. HFS conducted a re-audit and on June 18, 2008 issued a revised notice of audit findings reducing the overpayment from \$14.8 million to \$8.6 million, primarily affecting the College of Pharmacy's portion of the findings. The University continues to contest the findings and is pursuing its administrative options. It is estimated that the System's liability of \$3.3 million remains sufficient to cover the probable outcome of the audit and has been included in accounts payable as of June 30, 2009.

Accrued Self-Insurance and Legal Actions

The University (including the System) is a defendant in a number of legal actions primarily related to medical malpractice. These legal actions have been considered in estimating the University's accrued self-insurance liability which covers hospital and clinical patient liability; hospital and medical professional liability; estimated general and contract liability; and workers' compensation liability. At June 30, 2009 the University's total accrued self-insurance liability was \$181,827,483.

The University's accrued self-insurance includes \$132,250,373 at June 30, 2009, for the most probable and reasonably estimable ultimate cost of uninsured medical malpractice liabilities. Ultimate cost consists of amounts estimated by the University's risk management division and actuaries for asserted claims, unasserted claims arising from reported incidents, expected litigation expenses and amounts determined by actuaries using relevant industry data and Hospital specific data to cover projected losses for claims incurred but not yet reported. The System contributes to the University's self insurance reserve through annual assessments for claim exposure. Therefore, no liability related to medical malpractice claims is included in these financial statements, but is reflected in the University's financial statements.

The University has contracted with several commercial carriers to provide varying levels and upper limits of excess indemnity coverage. These coverages have been considered in determining the required accrued self-insurance liability.

Amounts of accrued self-insurance liability related to the activities of the System are calculated based upon estimates made by the University's actuaries and the University's risk management division. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the System's calculated required contribution for its portion of the University's self-insurance liability was \$21,838,832. The University is responsible for the payment of claim judgments and settlements actually incurred, and therefore no accrued self-insurance liability has been recorded by the System. These amounts are reported as supplies and general expenses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.

Because the amounts accrued by the University are estimates, the aggregate claims actually incurred could differ significantly from the accrued self-insurance liability at June 30, 2009. Changes in these estimates for claims related to the activities of the System will be charged by the University to the System and reflected by the System in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets in the periods when additional information is available.

The total of amounts claimed under legal actions, including potential settlements and amounts relating to losses incurred but not reported, could exceed the amount of the self-insurance liability. In the opinion of the University's administrative officers, the University's self-insurance liability, including the System's portion, and limited excess indemnity insurance coverage from commercial carriers are adequate to cover the ultimate liability of these legal actions, in all material respects.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 26, 2009, The Honorable Governor of Illinois, Pat Quinn, appointed two new members to the Board. In addition, Quinn appointed four new members and reappointed Edward L. McMillan to the Board on September 4, 2009. These appointments and re-appointment were to fill positions made vacant by resignations of Lawrence C. Eppley, Niranjan S. Shah, David V. Dorris, Robert F. Vickrey, Devon C. Bruce, Kenneth D. Schmidt, and Edward L. McMillan.

After this reorganization, the Board consists of the following individuals, their terms of appointment, and city of residence:

Term 2005-2011

Frances G. Carroll, Chicago

Term 2009-2011 Karen A. Hasara, Springfield Carlos E. Tortolero, Berwyn

Term 2007-2013 James D. Montgomery, Chicago

Term 2009-2013 Timothy N. Koritz, Roscoe Lawrence Oliver II, Orland Park

Term 2009-2015 Christopher G. Kennedy, Kenilworth Edward L. McMillan, Greenville Pamela B. Strobel, Winnetka

Christopher G. Kennedy was elected Chairperson of the Board at the first meeting of the new Board on September 10, 2009.

On October 3, 2009, the Board accepted the resignation of the University President, Dr. B. Joseph White, effective December 31, 2009, and appointed Dr. Stanley O. Ikenberry as Interim President effective January 1, 2010.